Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

MATTHEW S. QUAY.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

WE guess it is true this time that the Mahdi is dead.

THE cantaleup is a welcome addition to the supplies of the provision stores.

SIGNAL SERVICE HAZEN has gone to Europe. Now what will we do for weather?

THIS weather makes the *Watchman* editors think profoundly on the great hereafter.

WEST DOVER, Delaware, has an inhabitant who says he is 110 years old. His name is a rare one—John Smith.

THE Russians don't occupy Herat just now because of the heat. It is not the English who make it hot for them.

OWING to the illness of Vice Admiral Rowan, Rear Admiral Worden has been substituted for him as a pall-bearer on the occasion of Gen. Grant's burial.

THE cholera continues to rage in Spain. Last Saturday 3,820 new cases were reported. A large percentage of the cases prove fatal. It is truly a stricken country.

THE revelations of wickedness in London made by the Pall Mall *Gazette* have been proven true by a committee of the most eminent men in the United Kingdom.

EVERYBODY would approve the selection of Roscoe Conkling as the eulogist of General Grant. That is one thing on which there will be no difference as to fitness or propriety.

THE board appointed for Spring township whose duty it is to bury indigent soldiers and sailors, according to the terms of the recent legislative bill, is composed of Capt. Snyder, Perry Gentzel and Matthew Riddle.

IT is announced in the foreign despatches that Miss Mary Jane Stubbs, aged 60, is about to marry. This becomes interesting only when it is explained that Mary Jane Stubbs is the every day name of "Ouida."

SUPERSTITIOUS people believe that the frightful flash of lightning a few days ago at Mt. McGregor was in some way connected with Gen. Grant's death. Convulsions of nature are said to have occurred when Cromwell and Napoleon died.

GEN. GRANT will be buried in Riverside Park, New York City. But it will not be long, we believe, ere his surviving family will yield to the unmistakable desire of the country by having his remains removed to Washington, D. C.

PEOPLE who cannot attend General Grant's funeral have the liberty of contributing to the Dime Fund for his monument in Fairmount Park. That gives the opportunity of participating in a vastly more durable tribute to his memory.

GENERAL FITZ HUGH LEE, nephew of Gen. Robert E. Lee, is the Bourbon Democrat candidate for Governor of Virginia. He stands on a platform which is a virtual nullification of a recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.

IT is charged that the administration at Washington is in conspiracy with the New York Clearing House to receive silver at less than par value. This silver money which the people must take at the same value as gold is to be given to the rich New York bankers at a discount. This is the way the Democrats defraud the people to help men who have great wealth.

Death of Chaplain Rev. Wm. Earnshaw, D. D.

A gentleman who believes that the death of Chaplain Earnshaw should have more than a passing notice, inasmuch as he once resided in this vicinity, writes as follows:

Chaplain Earnshaw, with whom many of the older citizens of Bellefonte are well acquainted, died at the chaplain's residence, Soldiers Home, Dayton, Ohio, Friday, July 17. He was born May 12, 1828, and for years resided in Bellefonte. He entered the ministry at an early age and traveled circuits in Centre and several of the adjoining counties. At the breaking out of the war Chaplain Earnshaw was pastor of the Methodist church at Shippensburg, Penn'a. He enlisted as a private April 16, 1861. He was commissioned chaplain of the 49th Pennsylvania volunteers, Aug. 27, 1861, and continued in the service until the close of the war. It was often said of him he looked more the soldier than the minister. He was ever active and earnest, working to promote the welfare and happiness of his comrades. He was never known to utter a word detrimental to the life or character of his country's defenders. He served with the Army of the Potomac, being in most of the hard fought battles in Virginia, but after the battle of Gettysburg was ordered to the army of the Cumberland, where he served under Gen. George H. Thomas and enjoyed the intimate and earnest friendship of that officer. He was present at nineteen battles including some of the greatest of the war, and at the close was ordered to report to Gen. Thomas who made him superintendent of cemeteries at Stone River and Nashville. Into these beautiful resting place he gathered the remains of twenty-two thousand soldiers; and he was subsequently appointed with two other army officers to select the sites and purchase the ground for the National cemeteries of Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Corinth and Memphis. No one unacquainted with the facts can conceive the difficulties encountered in this duty from the bitterness and opposition of the people of the South, and that, too, on the very heels of the war. It was only through the constant protection and friendship of Gen. Thomas as military commander of that department that Chaplain Earnshaw was enabled to discharge the duty for which he was appointed; and it was his faithful services together with his honorable record in the army that secured for him the appointment referred to.

September 5, 1867, he was elected Chaplain of the Central Branch Soldiers Home located at Dayton, Ohio, where he has since lived and labored. His life socially and politically and his ministerial work is familiar not only to the inmates of the Home, but to the citizens of the various cities of Western Ohio, and he was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was very happy in his domestic relations, and leaves a family deeply stricken by his death. He was first Grand Commander of the National G. A. R., whose rank was under a Major General. He was commander of the G. A. R. Department of Ohio and Chaplain of the Ohio and of the National G. A. R. He was elected commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic June 7, 1879, and has ever been an active and earnest worker in promoting the happiness and welfare of the soldier. E.

THE men who stole the telegraph wire last week have learned a useful lesson: if they had stolen the whole telegraph company, officers, clerks and all, it would have been a big operation; but there is a big difference between wire-stealing and wire-pulling.

PHILADELPHIA should finish her Grant monument while New York is still begging money for hers.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The Dead Hero—Funeral Preparations—The Nation in Mourning.

NEW YORK, August 1, 1885.

The eighth day of August, 1885, will become one of the most notable days in our history. This day will witness a funeral pageant in New York city such as has never before been seen on this continent.

General Ulysses S. Grant, the Hero and Statesman, the beloved of all our people, and the admired of all nations has just entered upon his eternal sleep, and the world mourns.

The preparations for the funeral are rapidly approaching completion, and though overwhelming in details everything seems to be done without the least confusion, and in most perfect order, under the methodical direction of General Hancock.

General Grant not only held the respect of all classes of our citizens, North and South--but he was admired by all for his military genius, skill and bravery, and for his conservative and conciliatory policy during his two terms in the chief executive office of the nation; and, not only admired, he was loved by the people under the full realization that he was "a man of the people, and for the people," and for his simplicity of character, his great generosity and tenderness of nature.

The whole city of New York is black with the emblems of mourning. The flags everywhere are at half-mast, all the stores, business places, public institutions, and thousands of private dwellings, are draped in black with varied designs, each bearing a likeness of the dead hero; and some are in the most elaborate and artistic manner.

The City Hall, where the body is to lie in state, will probably wear the most conspicuous and imposing drapery. Over the front entrance has been placed a fine likeness of the Nation's hero, and, in large letters, the following mottos:

"*Primus Inter Pares.*"

"The tread of his bannered armies shook the world, his genius preserved to Liberty her diadem, and perpetuated to coming generations America's example of a free and invulnerable government."

"He bore aloft our sword of fire,
A world-watched envied nation,
Where victory sang, while trembling kings,
Bespoke our desolation."

"No faltering marked the Titan's task,
No shrinking from the trial,
He faced the foe ere Freedom's hand
Fell shattered from Times' Dial."

It is estimated that from 80,000 to 100,000 persons will be in line in the funeral cortege. If all who have applied for places could be admitted the parade itself would reach from end to end of the city.

The eternal resting place of the dead hero has been decided upon after due deliberation, and seems to us the most beautiful and appropriate that could have been chosen. It is the most elevated spot in "Riverside Park," a secluded forest place, and yet commanding a view for many miles of the noble Hudson and its grand mountainous scenery.

Over the dead body of this Hero the tears of the nation will be shed, the bitter strife of the civil war will be forgotten, and the various sections will be cemented into closer union—a more enduring sentiment of national fraternity and devotion. HIRAM TORREY.

CAMP GALLAGHER is said to have been the cheapest camp ever held by the Second brigade. It has been conducted at a saving of nearly three cents per capita each day. The cost of maintaining each man was fifteen cents per day. The largest number of men in camp was on Sunday, when 2,896 were present. The saving was affected by the economical purchase of all essentials. The rations were better in quality and quantity than at any camp, and somewhat better than the regular army fare. In fact, the militia were well fed. The water and ice supply cost nothing, being provided by the Meadville and Linesville Railroad Company, and other corporations and firms, benefited by the camp. These inducements were offered General Beaver to locate the camp at the lake.

What Will Condemn Them.

The Republican party of Pennsylvania is steadily and surely moving on to glorious victory in November. Matthew S. Quay is without doubt one of the best candidates for State Treasurer that could have been chosen. The Democrats are nonplused and know not which way to turn nor whom to nominate as an opposing candidate. They recognize that Quay is a gentleman of unusual fitness and ability. His experience in political affairs has been extensive and no voice derogatory of his uprightness has been heard. Recent experience with their best and most able men in the State and Nation has been so lamentably discouraging that it is no wonder they have lost heart. Of these prominent representatives of Democracy who have been given place and power merely on promises of what they will do Governor Pattison, the veto executive of this State, and President Cleveland, the sham civil service reform executive of the Nation, are notable examples. What a fearful disappointment do the records of these gentlemen afford. The one vetoes every bill which apposes his narrow individual opinion, notwithstanding what may be said in its favor by the best intelligence of the State, and the other, through his entire ignorance of men and measures, makes a miserable failure of a civil service reform which in competent hands might result in great good. Accepting the word of those who surround him, diregarding others, and without a personal knowledge of the appointees, his appointments have frequently been of men who are notoriously wicked and profligate, at the same time passing by worthy men whose greatest crime is that they have been faithful Democrats.

New York's Monument.

On the local page of this paper has been published something in reference to the means adopted by the citizens of New York to erect a monument to Gen. Grant. We see no reason, however, why citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county, or any other part of the country should contribute to such an object.

It is true that Gen. Grant deserves the finest monument that can be reared to his memory, but New York City deserves very little from this country, and the fact that General Grant is to be buried there, subdues the feelings of generosity and love which would lead almost every man, woman and child to help in the erection of such a monument. Did not New York plead for money to erect the Bartholdi pedestal when she is abundantly able to erect it unaided? Is it not an injury to the finer sentiment of Gen. Grant's admirers to have his remains repose in one of New York's pleasure gardens? While the people would give their money to a monument through love for Gen. Grant, New York would use it only with the object of furnishing an ornament to the city. New York is said to be the most un-American city on the continent. Her people are only a community of English imitators and snobs.

Therefore, let people keep their money to give to a monument to be erected over Gen. Grant's remains when they shall be moved to the National Capital or other suitable place, and if that is not done they may with propriety combine in the erection of a monument to be placed in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia.

The Railroad Change.

Whether or not Mr. Vanderbilt succeeds in making his proposed railroad sale, or change in Pennsylvania, it is certain that the effort to do so meets with strong opposition. Dr. Hostetter, of Pittsburg, Senator Wallace, of Clearfield, Senator Peale, of Lock Haven, Franklin B. Gowan, Andrew Carnegie and nearly all the other gentlemen of prominence connected with him in his Pennsylvania Railroad enterprises protest against any such movement. They denounce it a fraud on the people of Pennsylvania and the other stockholders; they question if the change is constitutional, and say they will fight it to the extent of their power. They also assert that no such financial benefit as is represented can accrue to stockholders by the change.

WOMEN have cheek enough to do anything. All who have read of the recent exploit of the "Texas Cattle Queen," as she was called, will agree with us that this is so. She appeared at the Palmer House, Chicago, announced herself as Mrs. Salm with the imposing title given above, and lived there several days magnificently. She said that she had 125,000 head of cattle and $75,000 worth of jewelry. She displayed the most lofty airs at the table, and drove out in the most stylish turnouts the city afforded. When her hotel bill reached $75 it was presented to her and she magnanimously consented to leave a few of her costly jewels as security until the banks were opened. Then she disappeared. When the jewels were sent to a jeweler to have their value appraised they were found to be worth about $18. The Palmer House is out about $58 by the operation, and the whereabouts of the "Texas Cattle Queen" is a profound mystery.

THE Democratic papers are quoting, with good deal of fervor, General Grant's communication to General Buckner regarding peace and harmony between the two sections. They appear to imagine that the noble words of Grant are a condemnation of the Republican party's policy. There is not a Republican who does not endorse the sentiments of the great hero who has just died. But when he expressed himself to General Buckner there was not the slightest intention on his part to excuse the bull-dozing and ballot-box stuffing in the South. The Republican party, like the dead General, desires to see the most cordial relations between the sections, but it will not, on that account, submit to such a monstrous wrong as permitting a Southern man to vote virtually two or three times where a Northern man can vote only once.

THE twelfth annual inter-state picnic of the Grangers of Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia, New Jersey and Delaware, will begin on the 31st of this month in Williams' Grove, in Cumberland county, where it has frequently been held of late. It also partakes of the nature of a fair and agricultural implement manufacturers have the products of their factories on exhibition. One hundred thousand people attended last year, and there will be an equal and perhaps greater number this year. All the information desired will be given on application to R. H. Thomas, Mechanicsburg, Pa.

THE story afloat in Washington to the effect that Chief Justice Waite will shortly resign from the Supreme Court and be succeeded by Joseph E. McDonald, of Indiana, is too fragile in texture to be left out of doors during this trying weather. It should be carefully put away in the refrigerator until Fall and then served to the marines. It would tickle them.

SPEAKER CARLISLE states that he has received more than 1000 letters, representing all sections, asking him to place Morrison, of Illinois, at the head of the Ways and Means Committee. This is the little cloudlet in the sky which indicates that the Free-traders are going to repeat their folly of getting in front of the Protectionist locomotive.

IT IS given out that Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is to marry an American lady. We are not prepared to congratulate either the Lord or the lady, for although the former acted in a very agreeable way when in America, some of his recent actions have not been entirely unquestionable. Wait and see.

GENERAL NOTES.

Figs sell in Georgia at 2½ cents per dozen.

Gen. Grant smoked his last cigar on November 20, 1884.

There are 3,500 railroad bridges in the State of New York.

Philadelphia gives all her policemen this year a three days' vacation.

The typical baby walks in 47 weeks kisses in 12 months and jumps in 27 months.

A curiosity at Rockford, Ill., is a young negress with a luxuriant growth of auburn ringlets.

Presidents' widows usually receive $5,000 a year from Congress, and Mrs. Grant will probably have a similar sum voted her.

A cigarette tester in New York says that a simple way to ease heartburn from smoking is to touch some of the ashes to the tongue.

A school journal advises, "Make the school interesting." That's what the small boy tries to do to the best of his ability.

The pyramids of Abousere, those of Dashour and those of Gezeh have stood for 5,000 years. The pyramids of Cocheme are still older.

There are now four widows of Presidents living—Mrs. Tyler, in Richmond, Mrs. Polk at Nashville, Mrs. Garfield and Mrs. Grant.

Bar Harbor has been raised to the true Boston tone. A "metaphysian" has a card in the local papers offering to benefit invalids by the mind-cure system.

The mortality from swine fever in England has reached a point when about 2,000 animals perish every week, or 100,000 per year out of 2,000,000 swine.

The Brazilian production of diamonds amounts in yearly value from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000, but has been a good deal depreciated by the diamonds of South Africa.

Alabama's strongest man, Mr. J. H. Clark, of Shirley, Covington county, can take a 250-pound anvil, and by placing his thumb in the mason hole, throw it off like a marble.

The edelweiss will grow in common garden earth, mixed with a little lime, and tourists can no longer have the excuse in hunting it for risking their necks on the Alpine rocks.

Three hundred and fifty-eight criminals, who have escaped from Georgia in the course of the last 13 years, are "wanted" in that State. The rewards offered for them aggregate $100,000.

The first bushel of meal made from corn grown this year was brought to LaGrange, Mo., Monday morning, July 20. The corn was planted in March 4 and was gathered on July 18.

It is asserted that crows have 27 distinct cries, calls or utterances, each readily disguishable from the others, and each having an unmistakable connection with a certain class of action.

An old horse with the brand "U. S." on his flank is pulling a breadcart about the City of Mexico. He was taken down there with Scott's invaders, and has been earning his living ever since.

On July 4, 1826, John Adams and Jefferson died; July 4, 1831, Monroe died; July 9, 1850, Taylor died in office; July 23, 1885, Grant died. On July 2, 1881, Garfield received his fatal wound.

Missionaries in the equatorial lake region of Africa have discovered that a kind of beer made of bananas is a prophylactic against malaria fevers, and that this drink is indispensable to their health.

During a thunder storm a few days ago lightning played about a growing crop of cotton in Georgia. The next day about one-eighth of an acre of the field affected looked as though it had been scalded by hot water.

Sixteen of the principal railroads in Great Britain show a falling off in their earnings for the past six months of $2,600,000. The decline is principally in the freight traffic, and is the largest on the iron and coal lines.

Iodine, mercury, quinine, sulphur and arsenic, all of them regarded by physicians as specifics, are said to be germicides by a celebrated German authority. He regards the fact as strong confirmatory evidence of the germ theory of disease.

Paper baskets for farm and factory use are now manufactured. The rims are protected by a wooden hoop on each side, both nailed together, and the large baskets (two-bushel size) are strengthened by wooden ribs, and furnished with iron bottoms and handles.

The practice of numbering houses on the streets of our cities began in Philadelphia, where it was introduced by the Marshall who took the second United States census in that city. It was in that census that all the inhabitants of the country were first mentioned by name.

When the telephone was taken to England by the agent of Dr. Bell all the patent rights connected with it were offered to the Postoffice Department for £30,000. The offer was declined, but not long since the same officials offered £540,000 for the exchange in London alone.

Poetry.

ULYSSES.

The following beautiful poem appeared originally in the New York *Tribune*. It was written to extol the act of Congress which placed Gen. Grant on the retired list of the army.

(March, 1885.)

1.

One sunset I beheld an eagle flying
'Mong the lone mountains of the Hebrides—
Faintly he faltered on half spent and dying,
Between the kindled crags, the darkening seas.

2.

Before the wind he sail'd on feeble pinions,
From chasm to chasm, from lonely peak to peak,
King had he been for years of those dominions
And kingly seem'd he still, tho' worn and weak.

3

Piteous it was to see that bird imperial,
Whose flight had known no bonds; whose strength no chain,
Drifting in desolation to his burial
Somewhere in those cold regions of the rain.

4.

Yet have I lived to see a sight more sorry,
Here in the mighty land where men are free—
The eagle-warrior, lone with all his glory,
Floating thro' clouds, close to a sunless sea!

5.

The shape that on the wind of tribulation
Hover'd, and ruled the tempest like its lord,
The soldier-hero who redeemed a Nation,
And cut man's chains asunder with his sword.

6.

The silent leader, who arose victorious
Out of a flood of hate, a sea of death,
Now, fallen on darkness and a time inglorious,
Flatters so near the ground with failing breath!

7.

Oh, God! it seems but only yestereven
The trumpet of Euroclydon was blown,
The storm cloud gathered and the fiery levin
Lighted the world and flashed from zone to zone.

8.

'Mid sounds of lamentation and of weeping,
Cries of the waking who had slept so long
Upcircling swiftly, thro' the tempest sweeping,
The eagle rose, with flight supreme and strong.

9.

His voice was in the storm, above the thunder;
His war cry thrill'd the land from shore to shore!
Not till the battle cloud was cloven asunder,
He sought his eyrie, and look down once more!

10.

Feeble and weary, yet thro' all disaster
Silent and self-contain'd, serene and proud,
Master of men, and of his own soul master—
Behold him drifting now from cloud to cloud.

11.

So wearily his slow, sad flight he urges,
Unrestful, fearless-eyed, as heretofore;
Then pauses, calmly list'ning to the surges,
Thund'ring so near on some eternal shore.

12.

The people raised their pitying eyes to view him!
Weary he is and weak, yet will not rest,
Tho' Washington is brightly beck'ning to him
From the yet widening blue of yonder West!

13.

But lo! a Form, with radiant robes around her,
Uprises, follow'd by a shadowy train,
Crowns him with love who once with glory crowned her,
Blesses the hands that broke her last strong chain!

14.

Smile, then, Ulysses! Though thy Troy hath ended,
Tho' all thy life's long Odyssey is done,
By Lincoln and the martyr-hosts attended
Columbia kneels, before her soldier-son!

15.

What tho' a little space, when homeward sailing,
Thou saw'st the treacherous Isles where Syrens dwell,
The sweetest songs they sang were unavailing
To keep God's warrior underneath their spell.

16.

Thou wast not made to herd with things polluted,
Grasp dust of gold, and fawn at Circe's knee:
Thy flight was sunward, not thro' chasms scooted
With leaves that fall from Mammon's upas tree.

17.

Rest, Wanderer, in the sun, Columbia kisses
Her soldier's honor'd brow, and clears its gloom—
And this white lily of love she brings Ulysses,
Was pluck'd upon thy brother Lincoln's tomb!

ROBERT BUCHANAN.

Our Story Teller.

Tit for Tat.

BY ALEX E. SWEET.

"You are not going out to-night again, are you, Henry?"

"Yes, my dear."

"And where are you going, if I may ask?"

"O, I am only going to spend the evening with a few friends. I will take the front door key along, so you will not have to get up on my account."

Mrs. Schmelzer sighed.

"This is the fifth night you have been away from home and left me here alone," said Mrs. Schmelzer, bitterly. "I don't see why people get married at all if that's the way they do. If I was only an old maid I could at least go to bed and go to sleep. I would not be obliged to lay awake half the night waiting to hear you come stumbling up the stairs. It's really too bad, Henry, too bad!"

"Emma, you surprise me," replied the young husband, with great dignity.

"It is about your own conduct that you should be surprised. How would you like to be troubled in such a heartless manner night after night?" said Mrs. Schmelzer.

"If I was a married woman," retorted Mr. Schmelzer, "I should think it very natural that my husband should go where it pleased him best, and if I was displeased at anything he did, I would speak to him in quite a different tone, for you are not adopting the means to make home pleasant for your husband."

Is there really any way by which home can be made pleasant to a husband?"

"I suppose there is, but I don't think I have ever prevented you from going out whenever you felt like it."

"That is so, but I never stay out until three o'clock in the morning."

"You can stay out as late as you please if you have any good reason for doing so."

"I wouldn't stay away from home for anything in the world. O, Harry, you can't have any idea of how tedious it is when you are away."

"Why don't you read? If you don't want to read you can sew shirts. That's what my mother used to do when my father stayed out at night; but I must go. Good night, dear," and off he went.

From that time on, Henry heard no more reproaches about his staying out so late. He went out almost every evening. One day he was brought home in a carriage. He had sprained his ankle. The injury was very severe. The doctor said he would be confined to his house at least two weeks. At first he suffered severe pains, and his wife did all in her power to relieve his sufferings. She put cold applications to his swollen limb, and alleviated his agony by reading to him. He immediately began to improve. While he no longer suffered physical pains, he was obliged to remain in his room, as the ankle was too weak to bear his weight. Now was the time for Mrs. Schmelzer to carry out a little plan she had matured.

One evening she appeared in the room of her husband dressed to go out. She had a rose in her hair, and had otherwise made herself as attractive as possible.

"I am going out, dear Henry, to attend a little social gathering at my sisters. You need not get up for me You can go to bed. I'll take the door key along and let myself in."

All right," responded Henry, cheerfully, gritting his teeth as she closed the door. "That's a very nice arrangement, for a woman to leave her husband at home and go cavorting all over the neighborhood. What shall I do to amuse myself?"

Fortunately a fresh magazine had arrived that afternoon, so the evening fleeted without his noting the flight of time.

Mrs. Schmelzer did not get home until very late, but her husband did not reproach her. He was too proud for that.

Next night she was off again, and so for several consecutive evenings Schmelzer had to sit up, and he found it very tedious. At last she went to a ball. She was accompanied by her brother. She arrived at home simultaneously with the milkman. On opening the door she saw her husband white with rage.

"Madame," he said, sternly, "you have been absent all night."

"Yes," responded Mrs. Schmelzer, coolly: "the ball did not break up until "the sma' hours auent the two.'"

Mr. Schmelzer was already very much exasperated, but springing that old gag upon him aroused him to a perfect frenzy.

"Do you know," he said in a hoarse voice, smashing the water pitcher to smithereens, "that you have been out prowling around every night for a week, while I have been confined to the house by myself."

"Henry, I am very much surprised at your language."

"You are surprised, are you? Do you suppose I am going to stand this any longer?"

"If I were a married man," said Mrs. Schmelzer, "I would think it very natural that my wife should go where she likes it best. If you are displeased, you should address me in a different tone. You should endeavor to make home pleasant for me."

"What!" exclaimed Mr. Schmelzer.

"Make my home agreeable to me," replied Mrs. Schmelzer, "and perhaps I'll stay in more than I do."

"But you didn't have a sprained ankle," interposed the astounded husband.

"That is so; but a woman is tied up in the house the whole year around, as much as you have been for the last week or so with that sprained ankle."

"So you are playing for even?"

"Just so. I hated to do it. It almost broke my heart to treat you with such apparent neglect, but I only wanted to make you appreciate what I have gone through."

"Emma, come to my arms. Take care not to sit down on that ankle. I was wrong and I'll own up."

"That is all I want. I'll not go out until you are well."

"And then when I go out you shall go along with me, as is right and proper."

And he kept his word.—*Texas Siftings.*

The bird spider of tropical America, according to a French writer, has a body as much as 4½ inches long, or a diameter of 7 inches with the legs extended and is the largest of the several hundred known species of spiders. Its nests resemble those of the large caterpillars of France, and consist of a beautiful white silken tissue, of several thick layers, and strengthened by very strong threads, capable of arresting a small bird. In the centre are placed the eggs, perhaps 1,500 or 2,000 in number. The creature is very powerful, and is provided with formidable instruments of attack, enabling it to destroy not only young birds and adult humming birds, but large lizards and reptiles.

War news has not much interest for the man who has been married ten years and joined the club six months after marriage. It is too tame.

Woodtick William's Story of David and Goliath.

Goliath was originally the giant in a side show in Gath at thirteen dollars a week, but when the war broke out he enlisted in the army of the Philistines more for the bounty than anything else. This life seemed to hit him about right, for Goliath was naturally lazy and trifling. Of course I'm telling you this in my own language, but I'm giving it to you straight.

When the army of Israel camped over in the valley of Elah, it looked pretty squally for Saul, and he felt like sending in his resignation.

Every morning after breakfast, Goliath, dressed in his brass plug hat and cast iron corset and copper clothes, would sail out and poke fun at Saul and his home guards.

Goliath was a large, husky yahoo from the headwaters of the Chug and had a hand on him like a horse block. He was muscled up in good shape, too. When he began on a man, it meant six months in the hospital with careful nursing, and if Goliath felt hurt and grieved about something a man had said about him and took the man aside to have a little talk about it, the man's widow applied right off for the life insurance. In this way Goliath used to be respected very much around Gath.

So every day he would come out on the mesa and sass the armies of Israel and tell Saul that if he had a full grown man who had any sand, he would like to have him come over and get himself measured for a pair of wings. Day after day he would walk out with his bomb-proof clothes on and cordially invite the Israelites to come over one at a time and let him paralyze 'em. And Saul, on behalf of his people, declined the invitation with thanks. He told Goliath that while he would be glad to meet him in a soft-glove tete-a-tete, he would have to decline any meeting on a basis of open hostility. This caused the campaign to drag, and the daily papers in Israel began to criticise Saul and to ask why he did not come home and hoe corn instead of fooling away his time on the Philistines.

Just then David came down from his father's sheep ranch on Independence mountain, over again Bethlehem, Judah, on the old California trail, to see how the war was progressing. He wanted to take a trip to some place where there would be no danger of bodily harm, so his parents thought it would be safer perhaps to go down to the front "where war waged its wild desolation, and threatened our land to destroy." They told him to go down where the two armies were engaged in open hostilities and they would feel perfectly easy about him, but they him not to wander away from the army into the woods and get lost.

So David went over to hear Goliath speak his piece. Every morning for forty days the dime museum giant came out and opened court, requesting the Israelites to come over and meet a fate worse than death. But the Israelites preferred death to general debility and old age. They had relations at home on whom they were dependent.

Just as David got to the front, Goliath came out and spoke with a loud voice and cried out and defied the armies of Israel, and Saul's army scattered and fell over each other trying to get into the woods, and behold there were not trees enough for all the soldiers of the armies of Israel to climb.

And David was disgusted and told Saul he would like to go out and fight the Philistine if some courageous Israelite would come along and hold his coat for him. Every boy laughed at David, and his brothers especially, as soon as they had stopped running and got behind a tree and recovered their breath, began to ridicule David. But David insisted on it and told Saul that one time when a mountain lion and a grizzly bear came and carried off several of his father's sheep he ran after them and overtook them and after he had knocked the lion silly with his fist, he ran his hand down the bear's throat, caught him by the tail, and turned him wrong side out. The king said, "Well, did you really do that? If you did I've a good notion to give you the freedom of the Philistine camp, and if you will bring me Goliath's scalp, stretched on a shingle, I will give you all the money you want and my only daughter, for I'd just as soon tell you in confidence, that this side show giant is getting to be a perfect eyesore to me, and between you and me, I think he is overdoing this thing and making a nuisance of himself."

So David said he would go, and Saul dressed him up in a railroad iron overcoat but the boy couldn't handle it. He took off the fire and burglar proof overcoat and filled his pocket full of rocks and sailed in.

When Goliath came out, he turned his nose up at David and asked him if his mother knew he was out. He talked mean to David and finally told him to come over and he would feed him to the coyotes.

Then David in a gentlemanly way told Goliath that he didn't claim to be much of a talker in public, but that he relied on the righteousness of his cause. He came not with words and banners and torchlight processions, but he believed he was right and came there to prove it. He was no public speaker he said, but he thought this thing had gone about far enough. He then surprised Goliath with a moss agate behind the ear. The gentleman from Gath fell to the earth with a "sickening thud" and David cut his head off with the giant's own sword. From these injuries Goliath never fully recovered, and finally deceased.

Then the men of Israel and of Judah rose up and whooped with a loud voice and pursued their enemies and they fed the fowls of the air with Philistine on toast for forty days and David became solid with the king and made money and wore his clothes every day. Whereever he went he was regarded as a great success and all the giants were perfectly friendly toward him.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Monster Cannon.

On roughly-hewn trunions in the center of Ribbon & March's shops in Jersey City last week there rested a peculiar looking mass of tubing that was explained by the foreman to be the most powerful gun in the world. It has just been finished, and the last polish was being put on by a dozen mechanics. The monster, for such it is, was cast for the New York Pneumatic Dynamite Gun Company, and if the expectations are realized nothing afloat can withstand one of its terrible broadsides. The barrel is 60 feet long, breech-loading, and weighs 48 tons. It is of heavy wrought iron, brass lined throughout and with a full bore of 8 inches. It was cast in four sections, 15 feet long, with iron collars which are welded together with stout steel bolts. The barrel is bolted to eight reservoirs, where the compressed air necessary to fire it is stored. Brass nozzles connect the reservoirs to the barrel, and the amount of air necessary to throw out the projectile is regulated automatically. Upright castings carried on twelve-inch channel irons support the whole, which is moved by compressed air to any position desired by the gunner.

More formidable looking than the gun itself is the projectile fired. The cartridge, which is of brass, is five feet long and fits the bore snugly. In an iron cone at the head of the projectile 180 pounds of dynamite are stored, covered with a slight cap of thin metal, which is easily broken off, exploding the projectile wherever it strikes. When the gun is charged the gunner takes his stand on a platform behind the barrel, and by means of a lever closes the breech. By simply turning a crank the desired elevation is obtained and fixed. The lowest of the levers opens the nozzles leading from the air chambers and instantly the shaft cartridge is thrown out. Sufficient air to fire six projectiles is stored in the cylinders. There is no recoil and the position of the gun remains unchanged.

As soon as the carriage is completed and the gun mounted, it will be taken to Fort Lafayette, where the tests will be made under the supervision of a commission of naval men appointed by the government to report the results of the experiments.

"Yes, sir," said the foreman, as he proudly surveyed the gun, "that is the biggest piece of ordnance ever built in the world. It puts in the shade anything ever made by Krupp and then it was all made in this little shop. Work was begun in October, but the boring was so difficult that it required much longer time than we calculated. It has been tested and shows no signs of weakening under a pressure of 2,500 pounds to the square inch. I feel sure that it will revolutionize modern warfare, and for coast defense it has no equal."

The company expect to sell the gun to Secretary Whitney if it proves serviceable, and they hope to get orders for more of the same kind.

Old Families.

The fact is Philadelphia society, with all its bluster and exclusiveness and the inter-marriage of the select, is very much mixed, and if you scratch it you find that the sons and daughters of butchers and bakers abound to a surprising extent. Very few of the old Continental families have remained rich, and they are seldom seen in the garish Quaker City society of to-day. Miss Irwin, for example, Benj. Franklin's great-granddaughter, keeps school; Robert Morris' grandchildren and great-grandchildren are scattered through Pennsylvania living in a moderate way. Mrs. Dr. Darragh, who lives in Germantown, a suburb of Philadelphia, is a great-granddaughter of the grand old colonist, She is a sweet and charming woman, but she is not worth a million.

The Misses Rush, daughters of Richard Rush the Cabinet minister, and the Minister to France, are eking out their allowance of $500 a year that they receive under their uncle's will, by teaching. They are the sisters of Benj. Rush, who was Secretary of Legation, at London, when Andrew Stevens, of Virginia, was Minister. Their uncle, Dr. Rush, left the bulk of his immense fortune for the founding of a library in an out of the way corner of the town that nobody does or ever will visit. The young ladies are highly educated and accomplished, and though invited everywhere they are seldom seen in society. They maintain a dignity that commands deference everywhere. A daughter of ex-Vice President George M. Dallas, works here in the Mint. Descendants of other old families are equally poor, and you see them out only once or twice a season, when they appear in shabby lace and faded finery at some great gathering of their clan. A few, like impoverished members of great English houses, have saved themselves by marrying wealth outside of their set. Thus a daughter of the signer of the Declaration of Independence married a patent medicine man worth several millions.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Pretty black straw Fanchons, dotted with cut jet, lined with black velvet and trimmed with two rosettes of white maureseque lace, fastened on the top with long, dead gold pins, are effectively worn with either white or black frocks.

Fashion Notes.

Hat brims are very narrow.

Lace grows in favor as the season advances.

Round waists and wide sashes grow in favor.

Tulle bonnets are worn with the dressiest thin Summer frocks.

Lead-colored beads trim some very dressy black lace frocks.

Rhine stone pins for the hair are the order of the day at present.

Lace capotes with very high crowns are much worn at Saratoga.

The jersey jacket, now dazzling with beads, gains more favor than ever.

Cream color and pure white cannot be tastefully combined in a costume.

White drawn silk muslin bonnets are the latest novelty for wearing with thin Summer dresses.

The milkmaid overskirt and the housemaid frock are the rivals in women's favor at the moment.

Hats are higher than ever, with towering bunches of flowers worn in front over the forehead.

Gold and pale pink are introduced effectively in embroideries on white satin for full dress purposes.

Black canvas over orange silk, striped with tillcul color, makes a dressy walking costume for early Fall.

The Scottish token of good luck is a spray of white heather now put into the bouquets of fashionable brides.

The imagination of the modiste is the only law that governs hats and bonnets and their trimmings this season.

The prettiest and most economica Summer bonnets are of white muslin and white lace, piece and border lace.

Small pins or brooches, no earrings, few finger-rings and very slender bracelets make up the catalogue of the Summer jewelry of a woman of taste.

The crinolette bustle is no longer worn. The best dressed women have learned to wear their draperies in a manner that makes any save a very small bustle unnecessary.

Milk a Mischevous Drink.

Sir Henry Thompson says: "Most persons might naturally be aware that the primary object of drink is to satisfy thirst, which means a craving for the supply of water to the tissues—the only fluid they demand and utilize when the sensation in question is felt.

"Water is a solvent of solids and is more powerful to this end when employed from admixture with any other solid material. It may be flavored, as in tea and otherwise, but when mixed with any concrete matter, as in chocolate, thick cocoa or even with milk, its capacity for dissolving—the very quality for which it was demanded—is in a great part lost.

"So plentiful is nutriment in solid food that the very last place where we should seek that quality is the drink which accompanies the ordinary meal. Here at least we might hope to be free from an exhortation to nourish ourselves, when desirous only to allay thirst or moisten our solid morsels with a draught of fluid.

"Not so: there are even some persons who must wash down their ample slices of roast beef with draughts of new milk—an unwisely devised combination even for those of active habit, but for men and women whose lives are little occupied by exercise is one of the greatest dietary blunders which can be perpetrated.

"One would think it was generally known that milk is a peculiarly nutritive fluid, adapted for its fast growing and fattening young mammal—admirable for such, for our small children; also serviceable to those whose muscular exertion is great, and when it agrees with the stomach, to those who cannot take meat. For us who have long ago achieved our full growth and can thrive on solid fare it is altogether superfluous and mostly mischievous as a drink."

A Giant Rose Bush.

At the new gardens, Whitby, there is now growing a champion rose tree, a Marechal Neil. It was planted in 1865, so that it is actually 29 years old. For many years it produced regularly enormous quantities of roses but it was not until 1882 that the full number of blooms were counted, when no less than 2,500 roses were recorded. In 1883 there was a falling off in the number of roses grown of about 1,000, and last year there was a still further dimunition, as only 850 blooms were plucked. It was then thought that the tree had seen its best days, and that, considering its age, its vitality was on the wane. There is, however, more than sufficient reason to believe that there is life in the old tree yet. Since last year the proprietor has devoted considerable attention to the tree, and there is now a chance of his industry being rewarded, for, early though it is, there are now many hundred of buds in various stages of forwardness and there is every reason to believe that the tree this year will be more prolific than ever, the proprietor estimating the number of blooms at not less than 3000.

We prefer poetry of a higher range of thought than this contains," said the editor kindly, as he returned some rejected manuscript "Higher range of thought?" repeated the discouraged poet, "I wrote it on the top floor of a seven-story flat. Do you expect a man to sit out on the roof and write poetry?"

All Sorts.

College girls should be made bachelors of hearts.

The silent watches of the night—those not wound up.

The sky, unlike man, is most cheerful when the bluest

Where are you going this summer?" "To the falls." "At what place?" "At the skating rink, of course?"

Cannibalism is still practiced by 1,250,000 people, but it is only practiced in countries where people love one another much better than they do here.

A letter addressed by a Castini, Me., man to his wife during the war in 1862, has just been delivered. It took the letter 23 years to get from Washington to Castini.

There is a fortune in store for the milliner who shall devise a bonnet that can be worn in any part of the church and always present its trimmed side to the congregation.

An Oregon man recently committed suicide rather than marry his deceased wife's sister. A man must get very tired of having the same mother-in-law two or three times in succession.

"No," said Miss Spinster, "I wouldn't have any fool of a man." "And as you cannot get any other kind," remarked Aunt Susan, "you prefer to remain single. Well, I don't know as I blame you."

Why wasn't the spring chicken chosen as the emblem of this country? asks an exchange. It never would have done. This country would look nicely, wouldn't it, with an emblem older than itself?

Some people are born to ill-luck. An old woman who has pasted nearly five thousand medical recipes into a book during the past forty years has never been ill a day in her life, and she is growing discouraged.

A man never begins to find out how little he knows about domestic matters until his wife asks him to keep his eye upon the baby and see that a pan of melted butter is kept stirred, while she goes into the attic to look through her rag-bag.

The Pittsburg *Telegraph* denounces the heartless and cruel practice of destroying flies with fly paper. This method of extermination may be cruel, but life is too short for a man to catch each fly separately and tenderly impale it to a door jamb with a pin.

"Charles," said Mrs. Spendall, "I saw a beautiful costume at Bizarre's to-day, and I should like it ever so much." "And I should like you to have it," replied Charles, "but really, Clara, I haven't the money to spare." "Oh, you great tease! I know better than that. I saw a brand new checkbook in your desk only yesterday, and not one of the checks had been used."

Parson Sam Jones on Whiskey.

From a Report in the Atlanta Constitution.

I put it in this way: "The liquor traffic ought to be made so odious that nobody but an infernal scoundrel will sell it, and nobody but an infernal fool drink it. Separate these liquor dealers from their liquor, and they will be all right. The church that will house a man that sells whiskey is a detestable fraud. The church that will house a man who rents a house to sell liquor in is a hateful hypocrite. Some of these churches here in Atlanta are doing just that thing.

If there is a man or woman in this vast audience who never had a relative or loved one ruined by whiskey I want him or her to stand up right now. You have all had a brother, or a son, or a father, or a son-in-law, ruined by whiskey. My goodness, these sons-in-law! I'd rather have a boa-constrictor around my neck than to have a drunken son-in-law. The devil can't do any worse than that. Some of you old hypocrites that are dilly-dallying with the whiskey question are going to get caught just that way. The devil is going to slip up on you with a drunken son-in-law, and I'll bet he will make you a prohibitionist with a vengeance.

"I look around your city and see bar-rooms as thick as the stars in the heavens. Each one of the three hundred bars in Atlanta represent at least ten confirmed drunkards. Three thousand men in Atlanta across the line and gone to ruin! You can stop it if you want to. There are church members enough in this town to turn out any day and vote liquor out of it. You are afraid to do it. You will let some barkeeper, with an old rusty pistol, cuss and rare around the polls and scare your home. You don't want to have a fuss. Well, I'll tell you that every good man dreads a fuss, but he don't fear anything that walks on the earth. God despises a coward. I had rather die at the mouth of a cannon doing my duty than to run away from it because I was afraid. God intrusts all the noble causes on this earth to men who are game."

"By their Deeds Ye Shall Know Them."

New York Journal.

"That man is a Christian," remarked a resident of Brooklyn, as he pointed to his neighbor across the street.

"How do you know?" asked a friend.

"Because when he sprinkles the street he always wets my side too."

Secretary Endicott is very anxious to avoid an Indian War. It will be remembered that the Secretary has long and luxuriant hair.

Medical, Etc.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulater with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for Malarial Fevers on the Isthmus of Panama.

TAKE

Simmons' Liver Regulator

A Purely Vegetable Medicine.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

FOR

MALARIOUS FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c.

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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$54,000,000.

Surplus reported by the last monthly statement to be lying in the Banks of New York City. This vast amount of money is seeking investment. Capitalists are daily withdrawing their money from stocks and other uncertain investments, no matter how flattering the prospects. Capitalists desire to loan their funds in the country on Real Estate and collateral security to honest men for a long term and at low rate of interest. The Traders Bureau is organized to bring together the Loaner and the borrower. Parties desirous of borrowing or lending money, or buying and selling anything can obtain full information of our plan of business and a copy of THE TRADERS GAZETTE by sending five 2c. stamps to G. W. FOSTER, Manager the Traders Bureau, 25 Fulton Street, N. Y. 17 31 3m

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Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond. All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

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Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 tf

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HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

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Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. [a4'71-tf

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E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
v6 1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

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DR. J. D. GEISSINGER, DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
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FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-1t

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COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

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McMILLEN'S
NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Good sample room on first floor. Free Buss to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 18 9tf

Notes from Camp Gallagher.

July 30, 1885.

Everything thus far in camp has moved off to the perfect satisfaction of all. The week began with showery weather, but Monday made its appearance with clear, blue sky and glorious sunshine, and all has been sunshine ever since. On Tuesday the crowd of visitors which thronged the camp was simply immense. Several thousand excursionists wended their way to the camp, after the arrival of the train. The Governor and his staff were here till Tuesday noon. It was estimated that ten thousand visitors were present to witness the dress parade. The whole parade ground, except the part occupied by the troops, was alive with spectators.

The Fifth regiment has been doing itself great credit and made an exceeding fine appearance when it appeared for inspection on Tuesday afternoon. It was the object of many complimentary remarks by the surging multitude which thronged the parade ground. Colonel Hastings was spoken of as the finest-looking colonel in the brigade. Each company of the 5th Reg't made a special effort to pass the best inspection as there is a gold medal offered for the one which would excel. The contest was so close that General Guthrie was unable to decide to which company it rightfully belonged. He said it should go to either company B, D, G or I, and which one he was unable to decide. Company B takes its position on the right of the regiment. Captain Mullen commands the first division and undoubtedly has the finest military bearing of any Captain in the Regiment. The Fifth Regiment has only six men absent from camp, thus having the best record of any Regiment in the State. Each company in passing in review after dress parade, tries to excel in keeping the best company front. Company B thus far has not failed to be wildly applauded for the manner in which it passed the reviewing officer. Many of the boys wend their way to the lake for different kinds of sport—boating, bathing and fishing being the chief amusements. Adjutant Hale has been ill for the past few days. 1st Lieut Geissinger fills the office creditably in the battalion drills. The boys expect to break camp to-morrow.

Yours, E.

Died.

BULLOCK.—At the Girard House, Philadelphia, July 29, 1885, at 7 o'clock a. m., Harry Montgomery Bullock, aged 16 years, 11 months and 29 days. Funeral Friday, July 31, at 6:30 o'clock.

Harry was born on the 31st of July, 1868, and his funeral occurred on his 17th birthday. His long illness was characterized by much patience and Christian fortitude. His death was extremely peaceful. The funeral services at the house of Mrs. Montgomery at 6:30 o'clock Friday evening were very largely attended.

--Mrs. A. J. Woodcock was the recipient of a magnificent gift from her brother-in-law, Mr. Lee Woodcock, of Altoona, Pa., on Friday. The gift was a handsome parlor suit of cherry, hand carved and upholstered in an elegant quality of plush in different colors. The tete-a-tete was in red, while some of the chairs were peacock blue, red, old-gold and olive. Mrs. Woodcock is naturally delighted with the present.

—A movement is on foot to organize a kindergarten school in Bellefonte, beginning with quite young children. If this can be done it should be known at once so that a teacher can be secured. The school, if organized, will begin sometime in September. Parents or guardians who will send their children to such a school are requested to inform Miss Kate Jackson.

Both Sides of the Story.

Some surly and would-be exclusive newspaper "local" having written thus: "People who stop in the aisle of a church or public hall to talk with their friends on the way out, and by so doing inconvenience people who wish to pass out quietly and orderly, should bide at home until they learn how to conduct themselves in a proper manner," the Houtzdale *Observer* takes up the gauntlet, and thus gives the sympathetic side of the question: "Boeh and nonsense! There is not half enough stopping in the aisles of our churches to talk and shake hands. Let there be more sociability and warm-hearted sympathy in the churches; it's the life of them. Those who selfishly want to hurry home should take seats near the door."

Worth, the famous dressmaker, has published the names of the ladies who ordered dresses which they were unable to pay for. This will be convenient for the parents of girls who have married Italian noblemen. It will give them a complete directory of the present addresses of their sons-in-law.

"I am growing up pretty fast, and soon I shall be raising a mustache," said Tommy Toddler. "You are mistaken my boy. When you raise a mustache you'll be growing down."

Miscellaneous.

B. & B.

BARGAINS

—IN—

SILKS

—AND—

Dress Goods.

In addition to the Bargains we have been showing in our Silk Department, we have now placed on our counter a number of NEW BARGAINS, which we feel sure will command attention.

SUMMER SILKS!

Very choice line of Summer Silks, 17 inch goods, at 31c., 35c., 40c., 50c.

A line of 18 inch CHANGEABLE CHECK LOUISINE Silks at 60c., the market value of which is 76c.

FIFTY PIECES EXTRA QUALITY 18 INCH SUMMER SILKS, best goods at 75 cts., which we recommend with confidence as very special values,

200 PIECES CHOICE INDIA SILKS at Bargain Prices. 1 Lot 24 INCH GENUINE INDIA SILKS AT 45c.

Another lot at 65c. 1 Lot 27 inch Indias at $1.00. Special values shown also in BLACK SURAHS, all Silk, 24 inches wide, at 75c., 85c., $1.00. Send for samples of these.

White Goods! Wash Goods!

For the warm weather we are offering in the White Goods Department extra and special values in INDIA LINENS, VICTORIA LAWNS, LINEN LAWNS, PLAIN NAINSOOKS, SWISSES, Etc.

In Printed Wash Goods, everything desirable in SATINES, BATISTES, SICILIENES, DRESS GINGHAMS, CRIMPED SEERSUCKERS, Etc.

White Suits.

In our Suit Department, Ladies' White Suits $3.75, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $8.00, $9.00, and special elegant White Costumes with Ruffles of White Swiss Embroidery, at $10.00. Finest Suits, $15.00 to $20.00.

Our Mail Order Department furnishes samples of anything in stock, and we solicit comparison of values.

BOGGS & BUHL,

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ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

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WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. ALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine. [an1 1y

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Hardware and Stoves,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

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PATENT WATER WHEEL,

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CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

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AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Miscellaneous.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family reelpes. 6 1 1y

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Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the Aged.

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THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable

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It is the juice of the Oporto Grapes, preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

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Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine, used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

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Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

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Is a Wine of superior character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

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At prices ranging chiefly from $2 to $6 per acre, on 5 to 10 years' time. This is the Best Country for securing Good Homes now open for settlement.

FREE 320 acres of Government Land Free under the Homestead and Timber Culture Laws. NOTE—10,818,433 Acres OR MORE THAN HALF of all the Public Lands disposed of in 1883, were in the Northern Pacific country. Books and Maps sent FREE, describing the Northern Pacific Country, the Railroad Lands for sale and the FREE Government Lands. Address, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Com'r, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

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WE STAND AT THE HEAD.
1,300,000 Howe Sewing Machines in actual use.

Our Latest Success.

An Entirely New, High Arm,

Easy Running Sewing Machine

With the continuous manufacture and experience of Forty years, the Howe Company now offer a machine superior to any and all others. It combines every requisite: Has High Arm: Is Light Running: Noiseless; Attractive; Beautiful in Finish; Perfect in Workmanship; Perfect Stitch; Self-Threading Shuttle; Unequaled Tensions; Easiest to Operate; the most room under the Arm, and so perfectly balanced, it is without Vibration. Has the finest set of Attachments for family sewing, which are put up in a velvet lined box. Its woodwork is of finest styles and latest designs. It is a household treasure. If we are not already represented, we WANT AN AGENT IN THIS COUNTY. Write us for catalogue of terms and prices. Send and buy a sample machine and introduce it to your friends. We do not say you can make a fortune in a short time, but you can make a fair, square, honest living. Mention this paper when you write. Address THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE CO.

17 18 1y No. 4 6th Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their entire time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. [an3 1y

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For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., President, State College, Centre Co., Pa.

14-28-1f

Stories on the Road.

Commercial Travelers at a Wayside Inn—Something to Put in a Gripsack.

"Gentlemen, I almost envy you the positions you fill; your experience of the world; your knowledge of business; the changing sights you see, and all that, you know."

This warmly expressed regret fell from the lips of an elderly pleasure tourist, last August, and was addressed to a semicircle of commercial travelers seated on the porch of the Lindell Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.

"Yes," responded a New York representative of the profession, "a drummer isn't without his pleasures, but he has his risks, too—risks outside the chances of railroad collisions and steamboat explosions."

"What risks for instance?"

"This, for instance," said Mr. W. D. Franklin, who was then traveling for an Eastern house, and is known to merchants in all parts of the country: "The risk—which, indeed, amounts almost to a certainty—of getting the dyspepsia from perpetual change of diet and water and from having no fixed hours for eating and sleeping. I myself was an example. I say was, for I am all right now."

"No discount on your digestion?" broke in a Chicago dry goods traveler, lighting his cigar afresh.

"Not a quarter per cent. But I had to give up traveling for a while. The dyspepsia ruined my paper. Finally I came across an advertisement of **PARKER'S TONIC.** I tried it and it fixed me up to perfection. There is nothing on earth, in my opinion, equal to it as a cure for dyspepsia."

Messrs. Hixon & Co., of New York, the proprietors, hold a letter from Mr. Franklin stating that precise fact. **PARKER'S TONIC** aids digestion, cures malarial fevers, heartburn, headache, coughs and colds, and all diseases of the liver and kidneys. Put a bottle in your valise. Prices, 50c. and $1. Economy in larger size. 17-27-4t

Medical.

DR. THOMAS' Eclectric Oil!

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD!

A Medicine with curative properties as impossible to counterfeit as the PYRAMIDS OF EGYPT, and which is now having an enormous sale throughout the United States and Canadas.

LOWELL, Mass. I was badly afflicted with Bronchitis and an affection of the throat. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me.—Oliver J. Belle Isle, 75 East Merrimack Street.

DAVENPORT, Iowa. As a Remedy for Coughs Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil stands at the top. It cured me, and I become with one any case. Edw. S. Rowley, 332 West 13th Street.

SCRANTON, Pa. During the past two years I have used both of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for sprains, bruises, cuts, burns and rheumatism. It always cures. —M. L. Blair, Att. Fifth Ward, Nov. 4, 1884.

GRAYVILLE, Ills. In case of Croup Thomas' Eclectric Oil never fails to cure. It cured me of a very bad case. Ulcerated Sore Throat.—C. R. Hall, Grayville, Ill.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Bellefonte Republican.

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A Weekly Political and Family Journa

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EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

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LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

75,000 Men to be in Line.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The preparations for the funeral of General Grant are progressing rapidly and smoothly. So well, indeed, are the details being worked out that, from present indications at least, there cannot possibly be any hitch on the day of his temporary interment. Large as the procession will be if the subordinate officers will but carry out their instructions, the plan of General Hancock and his staff will prove effective and thoroughly practicable. Governor's Island is flooded with letters from all classes, showing how great is the popular sympathy. The majority of these letters contain all sorts of suggestions about all kinds of matters.

From Colonel Nicholson, who has charge of the civic portion of the parade, a reporter obtained the first estimate which has been given of the probable size and length of the procession. Colonel Nicholson said:

"We are making calculations to take care of 75,000 men, fully that number expecting to parade. I do not see how they can control that number. The procession will be ten miles in length and of most imposing aspect. In my opinion the exercises at Riverside will have to be conducted irrespective of the parade itself, because otherwise the hour will be so late as to preclude the possibility of holding any whatsoever. An idea which struck me as being very forcible was that the civic and unarmed bodies form in column on each side of the streets along the line of march, and then the regular troops and mourners march between these double columns. The effect would be grand."

From Mt. McGregor to Albany.

MT. MCGREGOR, August 4.—At 10 o'clock services were held at the cottage in the presence of over a thousand persons. Cane chairs and rustic seats were provided for the ladies under the trees in the grove before the cottage. Those who failed to secure leafy shade used their umbrellas. The ceremonies opened with the reading of Psalm 90, "A Prayer of Moses; the Man of God," which was followed by an impressive prayer by Rev. Bishop Harris. The hymn, "My Faith Looks Up to Thee," was joined in by the whole assemblage, present, with fine effect. Dr. Newman then came forward and delivered a sermon on the subject of the dead general, the family sitting, meantime, about the remains in the parlor. Dr. Newman spoke chiefly of Grant as a man, leaving his career as soldier and president to be reviewed by less reverend lips. During his remarks as an illustration of the general's religious feeling, Dr. Newman made use of the expression, "and his pastor was always sure of his presence on a stormy Sabbath." At the conclusion of the discourse the noble hymn, "Nearer my God to Thee," was rendered very impressively by the united congregation.

After the services were ended the body was taken to Albany, which place it reached at 3.40 o'clock.

The crowd was dense about the depot when the funeral train arrived. The remains having been deposited on the funeral car, it was drawn out into Spencer street, where it was flanked by company A, Fifty-eighth artillery, and company E, One Hundred and Twenty-eighth infantry. Grand Army men guarded the remains at posts of honor. The column moved in three divisions, numbering 4,311 men, including over 900 Grand Army men. Upon arriving at the capitol, the remains were deposited beneath the great catafalque in the senate corridors. The remains were found in excellent condition and at 5 o'clock the public was permitted to view the remains, and in the first hour 7,500 persons passed through the corridor. The body will lie in state until 10.30 to-morrow morning, when the doors will be closed, and at 11.30 the funeral procession will again be formed and the remains be escorted to the Central railroad depot. The funeral train will leave at 12.30 and arrive in New York at 5 p. m.

The Governer Appoints a Legal Holiday.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 2.—Governor Pattison issued the following proclamation to-night:

"WHEREAS, On Saturday, the eighth day of August, A. D. 1885, the great soldier and distinguished citizen, whose death the nation mourns, will be laid to rest, it is fitting that the people of this Commonwealth, in his further honor, should pause from their accustomed labors when the sad and final rites of burial take place. The loss in the death of General Grant will long be fresh in the public mind. His countrymen, to whom his life service was productive of great benefits, will long feel the weight of the general sorrow. In losing the great and good; in testifying sorrow at the loss of the faithful and heroic, the people show their appreciation of public worth and teach a lesson of public and patriotic duty.

"As a tribute of respect to his memory, and in testimony of the sorrow of the citizens of the Commonwealth at the death of General Ulysses S. Grant, I do appoint Saturday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1885, the day of his burial, to be a legal holiday, and do recommend that upon that day there shall be a general cessation of business throughout this Commonwealth."

A Million Dollar Fire.

TORONTO, Aug. 3.—For destructiveness and loss of property, the fire last night has probably never had an equal in the city. Scores of valuable craft of all grades, which were moored along the docks, suffered alike with glucose factory, foundry, elevator, boat houses, etc. Fifteen minutes after the fire broke out it was seen that the big glucose factory was doomed. Fierce flames were shooting from a quarter of a thousand or so of windows that were scattered throughout the factory. At this time the heat was so intense that the firemen could barely go within half a block of the doomed building and they were utterly powerless to stay the flames. A rumor was soon current that Henry Wort, one of the watchmen of the glucose factory, was missing. He was seen a few minutes before the fire was discovered and is said to have gone after the books of the company. The most diligent search has failed to obtain a clue to his whereabouts and he must have perished.

The rapidity with which the flames spread was nothing short of marvelous. A strong, dead east wind, amounting at times almost to a hurricane, was blowing when the fire broke out. Great sparks and burning cinders were blown westward with rapidity, and by 2 o'clock the flames had reached the foot of Scott street. Almost everything in its wake, stationary and afloat, from Princess to Yonge street, a distance of over half a mile, was burned. It is utterly impossible at this moment to give any idea of the amount of loss, but it will foot up to over a million dollars. It was nearly 5 o'clock before the fire was got under control. A light rain began falling about 4 o'clock and the wind shifted to the northeast, enabling the firemen to check the flames just as they reached Yonge street dock. The flames very luckily were confined to the Esplanade and valuable buildings on the north side. Nine blocks, over which the flames traversed, escaped with a scorching.

Adverse Opinions of Riel's Sentence.

MONTREAL, Aug. 2.—The verdict in the Riel case is accepted with equanimity by the English speaking people of this province, but *La Presse* voices the sentiments of many French Canadians when it says: "It is very curious that the Government took so much trouble to have Riel convicted after having accepted the plea of insanity in the case of Jackson, Riel's secretary. Both were equally notorious, but Jackson was English. It would be difficult to find any other explanation for the benevolence of which he has been the object and for the difference of the treatment accorded to him and to his clerk. Insanity prevails in every nationality, and if it is a reasonable ground of excuse for an Englishman, why should it not be equally so for Riel, though he is a French half-breed?" The above article, which aims at exciting the strong race prejudices of Lower Canada, has made a stir in all classes of society here. The French are getting up petitions to the Government asking for a modification of the sentence of death.

Riel to Hang.

REGINA, N. W. T., August 2.—The jury was absent an hour and returned with a verdict of guilty with a recommendation to mercy. The foreman cried like a child when he announced the verdict. Riel remained on his knees praying until the verdict was announced, then jumped up, looking pale but calm. After the verdict of guilty was announced Riel was asked if he had anything to say why the sentence should not be passed. He spoke two hours, reviewing the half-breed grievances since 1869. He asked that a commission be appointed to try him; also a commission of doctors to see whether he was insane or not.

The judge said that none of the reasons he offered had any weight, and he advised the prisoner to prepare for the end, and sentenced him to be hanged on the 18th of September next, at Regina. Riel's counsel declare their intention of appealing the case at once.

Victims of the Cyclone.

PHILADELHIA, August 4.—Michael Walsh, whose scalp was torn off by the flying timber during the cyclone at the Pennsylvania salt company's works, died from his injuries to-day. This is the seventh death reported. The body of Thomas Wilson, the boarding house runner who was blown overboard from a vessel at the Chestnut street wharf, was found this evening near the place where he was drowned. Thus far seventy five persons in Camden and Philadelphia have been reported as having sustained injuries more or less severe and it is believed that the injuries of several will prove fatal. Mary and Thomas Atkinsan are report missing having not been heardfrom.

A Sixteen-inning Game.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Aug. 1.—The most exciting game of base ball ever played here took place to-day, requiring sixteen innings to decide it. The score then stood: Lock Haven, 4; Williamsport, 3. Shaffer and Fry were the Lock Haven battery, with Brown and Briel for Williamsport. The former struck out nineteen men and the latter fourteen. Only four base hits were made off Shaffer.

Gen. Hancock at Mt. McGregor.

MT. MCGREGOR, Aug. 3.—General Hancock arrived here to day with his staff. He immediately went to the cottage where he was met by Colonel Grant. Half an hour later the doors of the cottage were thrown open to the general public.

Chicago Beats the Record.

CHICAGO, August 3.—The great rain storm stopped at midnight. The total rainfall in the preceding twelve hours was 5.58 inches, an inch more than the entire rainfall during the month of August in either of the last three years, and the greatest fall within the time specified on record. The fall was so great and rapid that the sewers were unable to carry off the volume of water. The 420 miles of sewer pipe are constructed on the basis of allowing one inch of rainfall an hour, while yesterday it exceeded two inches. The superintendent of sewers is of the opinion that the flushing of the sewers will prove beneficial, thoroughly purging them, and thus proving beneficial to the public health. The paved streets throughout the city this morning, particularly the stone paved ones, have the appearance of having been scrubbed clean with brooms. Many of the Grant decorations on the public and rivatpe buildings are bedraggled and torn. The damage by the flooding of basements was heavy.

Capture of a Desperate Outlaw.

GALVESTON, Aug. 4.—A special to the *News* from Edinburry, Texas, says: The notorious Mexican outlaw, Abelardo Tigernia, was captured on the night of July 30th by county officials and lodged in jail on a charge of assault with intent to kill. This man has killed several men in Mexico, and is supposed to have been implicated in the murder of Andrews and Noble, who were killed in this county some time ago. He is also wanted in other counties of the state for various crimes. He is about 35 years old, of swarthy complexion, with flashing black eyes and is one of the most desperate outlaws on the Rio Grande frontier.

A Grateful Dog.

BRANDTSVILLE, N. J., Aug. 3.—A Newfoundland dog owned by a farmer of this village, broke his leg about four years ago. Dr. W. C. Bennett, who resides in a neighboring town, set the broken bone. While driving through Brandtsville a few days ago he recognized the dog. He had occasion to stop, and the dog immediately came up to him, smelt of him, and was wild with joy. It was with difficulty that the doctor could keep his feet. The dog jumped upon him, and by every possible way in his power tried to express his gratitude. The Doctor thinks the dog knew him, and remembered the setting of the bone.

Senator Cameron's Health Feeble.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—Advices from Senator Cameron in Southern California, do not give flattering accounts of the improvement of his health. Indeed, his general vigor has been little improved if any, and it is now known that he will not return until a short time before the meeting of Congress on the 1st of December. He will not be home for the Pennsylvania election in November.

A Monument to Montefiore.

NEW YORK, August 3.—Representatives of various Jewish congregations met last night for the purpose of perpetuating the memory of the late Sir Moses Montefiore. An organization was effected by the election of officers, and it was stated that $10,000 had already been subscribed toward the erection of a monument to the renowned philanthropist. It is intended to erect a monument or statue in Central Park.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Most of the young ladies visiting in Bellefonte seem to have their hair cut almost as short as that of a boy. It is a pleasing style.

—A tribute of respect to the late Chaplain Earnshaw, who died last month at the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio, appears on the first page of this paper.

—Tramps who are looking for a place of resort are directed to Hollidaysburg, where they are put to work on the street with balls and chains attached to them.

—We learn that a clothesline on John Sourbeck's premises was deprived of part of its contents on Tuesday night. It is just as well not to trust too many clothes out doors at night unless you want to give them away.

—Andy Walker's horse was driven home from Bush meeting at Marsh Creek to Bellefonte on Sunday night and after that became sick with colic. The animal's sufferings were ended Monday afternoon by shooting it. The horse is said to have been valuable.

—Such church dignitaries as Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, Coadjutor Bishop Phelan, Rev. Father Alexander, of Pittsburg, and Father Brennan, Archbishop Ryan's secretary visited Rt. Rev. Bishop Tuigg in Altoona on Tuesday.

—The following resolution was passed by Gregg Post, G. A. R., on Saturday night: "*Resolved*, that a committee be appointed to prepare resolutions censuring Gen. W. H. H. Davis for the appointing of Barbiere an officer to examine the accounts of legal claimants for pensions."

—The Altoona *Times* won't be imposed upon even by the Swede who writes that he was saved in the North Sea by clinging to a log which he himself had felled while working near Williamsport. Don't the *Times* know that truth is stranger than fiction? and that doubting *Thomases* have a hard time before them?

On the Death of Loyd C. Woomer.

BALD EAGLE, August 4.

It is sad when one is called upon to chronicle death, but sadder still when called upon to do homage to the death of a bosom friend stricken down in the bloom of manhood. Such is my sad lot this day.

On Saturday morning at eighteen minutes past six o'clock Loyd C. Woomer breathed his last, beloved and respected by all who knew him. While I can do no more than cherish his memory, I wish to keep that ever green by writing this last tribute to my departed friend.

His life was comparatively a life of promise. He was taken away, as many, alas! have been in the bright morning of his days.

Loyd C. Woomer was born at Olivia, November 27, 1858. (His parents are members of the M. E. church. It may be said of them that their lives are in unison with their Christian profession. They exert a happy influence over their home and the circles in which they move, and as Christian parents seek by their prayers and pious instruction to lead their children with them in the Christian path.) He had been from childhood a delicately constituted young man, but kind, true and affectionate. He contracted a cold about two years ago which clung to him. About 6 or 7 months ago he lost his voice, being unable to speak above a whisper. The disease settled upon the lungs, terminating fatally. For consultation, Dr. Crawford was called in, your correspondent being present. Seeing that death was but a matter of a short time, the Doctor left some medicine to strengthen him. I called upon him again the Monday evening preceding his death, remaining with him until near one o'clock a. m. He conversed more freely than for several days. As I left him he placed his hand in mine and said, "Good-bye, meet me in heaven." These were his last words to me—yes, the last time I will ever hear that voice. On Saturday morning at early dawn I was sent for, and hastening to his bedside surrounded by the sorrowing family and friends I whispered in his ear, "Do you know me?" he moved his eyes, looked me in the face, smiled and glanced upward. I was satisfied. At the request of the family I sang a couple of verses of his favorite hymn, "Down at the cross." (It was a cross for me.) At 1:30 o'clock he called the family, one by one, to his bedside. His father holding him up, placed his feet upon a chair. He embraced each of the younger children, kissing them and asking them all to be Christians and meet him in heaven. He laid back on the pillow and looked up. The family saw bright evidences of glory on his face. Clasping his hands, he shouted, "Glory, glory, halleluiah!" Those were his last words. At 6:07 a. m. the heavens seemed to open before him, the glory of God shone brightly upon him, and with a smile he looked up and then sank into a state appearing like one in a quiet sleep. At 6:18, Aug. 1, he expired amid weeping friends and sorrowing brethren. I held his hand in mine until "Life's last hours had fled." I shall never forget the scene. Could their wishes and prayers have availed, his name would stand enrolled on the list of the church militant for years to come, but God in his infinite wisdom called him hence.

He took his bed for the first time on Thursday evening and never in all his affliction would he allow himself to be a burden, going up stairs to bed until the last, always kind, loving and obedient. All that could be done to alleviate his suffering and prolong his life was done, but he sleepeth. In September, 1879, at the age of 20 years, he was led by the Holy Spirit to view his guilt and danger. While unreconciled to God, he sought the pardon of his sins and in penitence and faith was enabled to give himself to the Saviour in an everlasting covenant. Not long after he made a public profession of his faith in Christ and was admitted to the Methodist Episcopal church in Olivia, under the pastoral care of Rev. J. R. King. From this time his course has been onward and upward. A consistent Christain, a regular attendant upon all the means of grace, about a month ago he attended class meeting and testified in whispered tones. His piety won not only the love of the family, but the highest esteem of friends. His life stands out as an example to the young and old in the community. The church has lost a useful and active member, the Sabbath school a shining light and able teacher. The funeral services were attended by a large concourse of sorrowing friends on the afternoon of the following Sunday, August 2, at the M. E. Church, Olivia, Rev. C. A. Riddle delivering an impressive sermon, choosing for his text, John II chapter, 25th verse: "I am the resurrection and the life. He that believeth on me, though he were dead, yet shall he live." The church would not hold half the people, it being estimated that there were 400 to 450 people, there being 33 rigs. The burial service was read at the grave and his mortal remains were consigned to their last peaceful resting place. "I know that he shall rise again on the last day."

I have been acquainted with Mr. Woomer for years and have always found him a brother, a friend, a Christian and a worthy and intelligent companion and associate, and such was my dear friend and brother of whose life an imperfect sketch has been given. He died young, but oh, how soothing and animating the reflection, he died in the faith of the Son of God. Well may we cherish his memory with fond delight. Well may his bright example, his peaceful departure and his early grave incite us to "run with patience the race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus, the author and finisher of our faith. Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

W. E. HAMER.

—Mr. Charles Ardell, of Williamsport, has received a letter from Geo. Nosjoerin, of Umea, Sweden, saying that he was marvelously saved from death some time ago in the North Sea, by clinging to a log. The boat he was on encountered a squall and was upset. He was the only person on board who was saved. Afterwards, examining the log to which he clung, he was surprised to find that it was from a tree which he had himself felled while in the employ of Williamsport parties. He remembered it by its peculiar shape, having branches adhering to it. He said that it still had on it the well known clover leaf mark adopted by Mr. Coleman, of Williamsport. The story is quite marvelous, and probably true.

—The committee having in charge the Grant memorial services for next Saturday say that they have not yet completed their programme, but give us authority to announce that the meeting will be held in the Court House at 3½ o'clock p. m. For one-half hour before the meeting all the bells in town will be tolled, beginning at 3 o'clock. Among the speakers will be ex-Gov. Curtin, Gen. J. A. Beaver, James Milliken, Esq., and Rev. Father McArdle.

—The vestry of St. John's Episcopal church in this place will probably hold a meeting this week with the purpose of calling a rector. Several gentlemen have preached here, all of whom are pleasing in and out of the pulpit, and we doubt not that any one to whom the the vestry will extend a call will be eminently satisfactory to the congregation and the people at large.

—Rev. G. D. Penepacker, pastor of the First Methodist church in Altoona, departed last evening for a two weeks' trip through Minnesota and Nebraska. The reverend gentleman sometime ago received a call from a Methodist congregation in Duluth, Minnesota, and his trip west has something to do with that, as he wants to see the city and the country before deciding whether to emigrate.

—Mr. Jackson, the experienced manager of the Bee Hive tailoring department, was so unfortunate on Saturday evening as to fall down stairs at his home on Bishop street, breaking a rib and wrenching his back so painfully that he is a present unable to lie down and is suffering considerably. We hope, however, to hear of his speedy recovery.

SPECIAL MENTION.

—The Pennsylvania railroad company announces that for the benefit of those desiring to participate in the funeral ceremonies of the late General U. S. Grant, to be held in New York on Saturday, August 8, they will sell round trip tickets from Altoona to New York on August 7 and 8, good to return until the 10th, inclusive, to the public at $10.10. Several persons expect to go from this place.

Fall and winter WOOLENS just received. LEAVE YOUR ORDER NOW AND SAVE MONEY. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—The Acme base ball nine of this place is composed of members under 17 years of age. They hereby challenge any nine composed of members of similar age in Centre, Clearfield, Clinton or Huntingdon counties. Address communications to Acme Base Ball Club, Bellefonte, Pa., care of Mr. Will Brew.

Hay Fever Specific.

I found it a specific for Hay Fever. For ten years I have been a great sufferer from August 9th till frost. Ely's Cream Balm is the only preventive I have ever found.—Frank B. Ainsworth, of F. B. Ainsworth & Co., Publishers, Indianapolis, Ind.

—The expenses of keeping the poor people of the Borough of Bellefonte for month of July, 1885, amounts to $103.20. This includes fuel, clothing and provision.

J. M. KEICHLINE, O. P.

—The "Farmers' Favorite" Grain Drills possess more special features, pronounced and practical, than any other drill in the world. The Wizard Fertilizer is the most superb, convenient and practical force feed fertilizer grain drill in the market. Don't fail to see this drill before you place your order. It will be exhibited in Bellefonte, Pa. See our advertisement next week or write us.

J. O. WAITE & Co.,
State College, Pa.

—Memorial services in honor of Gener'l Grant will be held by the encampment of the G. A. R. at Gettysburg on Sunday evening, August 9, 1885. Gen. S. S. Burdette, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., will deliver the oration and an eminent minister from Philadelp'a will preach. Persons wishing to go to Gettysburg can procure orders for tickets from R. C. Irvin. Tickets good from 6th to 16th of August. Fare is paid one way for return trip, making it from Bellefonte to Gettysburg and return $5.93.

What We are Indebted to the South for.

There appears in our columns to-day the advertisement of the well known (and universally used in the Southern States) Simmons Liver Regulator. Years ago it won its way into every household of the South by pure, sterling merit. It there takes the place of a doctor and costly prescriptions. The medicine is becoming widely known in the North, and wherever used the demand for it has steadily increased. It is a family medicine, containing no dangerous and deleterious qualities, but purely vegetable, and so gentle in its action that it can be safely given to any person, no matter what age—the centenarian or the crowing youngster. Working people are often in that miserable state of health which really renders them unfit for labor; but they haven't time to take medicine and be sick. Simmons Liver Regulator can be taken without causing any loss of time, and the system will be built up and invigorated by it. The Regulator promotes digestion, dissipates nasty sick headache, and gives a strong, full tone to the system. In malarious climates it is invaluable, both protecting attack from the disease and expelling the poison after it has entered the system. It has no equal as a preparatory medicine, and can be safely used when a doctor cannot be called in. Persons of the very highest character and eminence have given Simmons Liver Regulator their cordial and hearty endorsement.

Base Ball Record.

LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.
Boston	23	43
Buffalo	29	47
Chicago	53	15
Detroit	23	43
New York	51	16
Philadelphia	31	36
Providence	40	24
St. Louis	24	41

ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.
St Louis	51	21
Pittsburg	43	30
Cincinnati	42	32
Louisville	42	32
Athletic	33	40
Brooklyn	27	44
Baltimore	29	43
Metropolitan	23	48

"Murder will out" in a majority of cases, but it is not always that the murderer can be brought in.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 5, 1885

Red Wheat (old), per bushel	$ 95
Red Wheat (new), " "	90
Mixed Wheat (old)	90
Mixed Wheat (new)	85
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	50
Oats	35
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 25
do prime to extra prime	4 75
do choice	5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 40
Flour, wholesale	4 50

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	12 to 15
Country hams per pound	13
Hams, sugar cured	13
Breakfast Bacon	12½
Country Bacon	10
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes (new), per bushel	75
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—40
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 17 17 1y

A LIVELY TOWN.

"Excelsior" Writes Racily all About Centre Hall—Its Advantages and Its Visitors.

Believing a few lines from our now enterprising little town may be of interest to some of your readers, I gladly pen the following:

Centre Hall is acknowledged by all who know to be the prettiest town in Penns or Brush valleys, occupying, as it doos, not only the most charming location in this section, but securely holds the banner of social, moral and religious intelligence. To substantiate this we refer you to no less than twelve organizations (exclusive of churches and Sabbath-schools) in active operation and developing these virtues.

The social interests are being promulgated by three social clubs known as the "Bono," composed of young men; the "Elite," also young men, and the "C. C. C.," of young ladies. The members of these organizations are all highly intelligent, good looking and mutually agreeable, therefore we do not want for sociability.

The moral interests are cared for by the Good Templars, who have recently effected an excellent organization, and with the solid material composing their lodge we look for aggressive work from them. To this add the G. A. R. post, the Patrons of Husbandry, Sons of Veterans, Brass Band, two missionary organizations, Odd Fellows and Masons. While all these have their particular lines of work to pursue, it is very evident that our morals are protected by all of them.

These organizations are about all secret, while the work they accomplish is apparent. The Masons are in a very flourishing condition and rate high as an order. The Odd Fellows appear to be reaping a harvest of new men and our best citizens are among their number, which speaks loud for this society.

The spiritual welfare of our people is nurtured by five congregations and four Sabbath-schools with their pastors.

From the foregoing ony one can observe that our people are refined and float with the tide of progress and Americanism.

Among the improvements of the past year I will mention the completion of the L. & T. R. R. through our place to Bellefonte, the building of a store room and dwelling at the station, Kurtz's roller flouring mills, two dwellings, and steam planing mill, large brick church, two parsonages, and six other dwellings in process of erection. A new street, known as Hoffer street is being opened by Mr. John Hoffer, of Bellefonte, who will offer lots for sale on this new avenue. Many minor improvements have been made and numerous new enterprises talked of, and there is reason to expect that the boom will continue indefinitely. We heartily welcome all who have the spirit of enterprise and honor.

The following persons have been among our visitors this season: Jas. Herring and wife, of Altoona; Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Arney, of Altoona; Mr. and Mrs. Sholl, of Rebersburg; J. S. Dinges and wife, of Philipsburg, Pa.; Prof. H. F. Bitner and family, of Kutztown Normal School; Mr. Filson, of Somerset, Pa.; R. B. Ross, of Carthage, Mo.; C. G. Lindsay, of Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa.; Mr. D. Fleming, of Towanda, Pa.; W. F. Auman, of Millheim; Samuel Krumbine, of Washington, D. C.; E. M. Stine, of Tyrone; E. A. Glenn, of Renovo; J. G. Kurtz, of Milton; Mr. and Mrs. Gross and P. Gross Yearick, of Philadelphia; C. W. Derstine, of Lewistown; George S. Shannon and friend, Watsontown, Pa.; Mrs. Dasher, of Michigan; Mrs. Gordon, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Wolf, of Altoona; Mrs. Harris and family, of Scotia; Mrs. Haines, of Indiana; Mrs. Rev. Dornblazer, of Topeka, Kas.; Miss Gross, of New Berlin, Pa.; Miss Wagner, of Franklinville, N. Y.; Miss Smith, of Williamsport; Miss Harper, of Tyrone, Miss Miller, of Philipsburg; Misses Carrie and Bernice Shannon, of Sunbury; Miss Hillibish, of Rebersburg; Miss Dinges, of Philipsburg; two young ladies from Washington, D. C., and two from Martinsburg, Pa.

Others could be added to the list. This will suffice, however, to show that we are not forgotten or neglected by our friends and that we have ample personal communication with the outside world.

We will close, Mr. Editor, without referring in this letter to such natural attractions as the Penn cave, Nittany mountain, Bear meadows, &c.

Very truly, EXCELSIOR.

Attention, Comrades!

Gregg Post will meet in their room Saturday, August 8, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. in full uniform preparatory to their proceeding to the meeting to be held at the Court House at 3:30 o'clock p. m. in memory of our deceased comrade, General U. S. Grant.

By order of the Post.

JAS. H. RANKIN, *Adj't.*

D. S. KELLER, *Commander.*

Remarks About the Railroad.

We interviewed some merchants of Bellefonte on Tuesday in reference to the Lemont R. R. and its effect on the business of Bellefonte. We found such a variety of opinions expressed that it really affords no information on the subject and leaves us where we were before. Some of them say it has brought them no more new customers, others state that they have frequently had large sales just after the arrival of the trains, but perhaps the customers were only those who would have come anyway. One or two admit a real improvements in trade.

It is agreed on all hands that a proper change in the way of running trains would be an improvement. For instance, two trains each day between Coburn and Bellefonte or, better still, Montandon and Bellefonte would be an admirable arrangement. An equally good arrangement, and perhaps the best that could be made would be two trains daily between Coburn and Snow Shoe, thus giving Bellefonte the benefit of trade from each direction. If the railroad company would be magnanimous enough to do that they would deserve the good will of every citizen of the town.

Complaint is made that freight is not brought to Bellefonte over the new line. If it were brought here from that direction, the Bellefonte merchants would receive goods much more speedily.

These remarks are not made with the intention of criticising the railroad at all. We have no doubt the present arrangement is but temporary, and in future changes the interest of Bellefonte will be considered. We merely suggest such an arrangement as will best satisfy very important interest, and trust to the future.

Permit us also to suggest to the merchant the propriety of advertising through the papers the bargains which he offers the public. This will bring to his door such new trade as there may be.

News From Brush Valley.

Our school directors made a move in the right (?) direction a few days ago by cutting down the teachers' salaries from $36 to $34 and from $32 to $30. A progressive(?) board!

Whortleberries are exceedingly plenty—so are snakes and snake stories.

Mr. Thos. Zeigler is further improving his beautiful residence by enclosing it with an iron fence.

Madisonburg falls in line with Rebersburg in getting up an uncalled-for school fight. The present condition of both *burgs* ought to teach our people a valuable lesson for the future.

A valuable horse belonging to Dr. Bright died a few days ago after suffering terribly for about thirty-six hours from locked-jaw, caused by running a small nail into the quick or living part of the foot.

Although we have a church for every sixty inhabitants in the village of Rebersburg, yet Ingersoll has a few disciples among us. They gave vent to their convictions a few evenings ago by carrying on a rather interesting discussion with a few of our citizens who are unwilling to believe that there is no God. Beware, young men?

***

Mortality Among Children.

The following is from the pen of Dr. J. B. Murdock, in the Journal of the American Medical Association, and we are requested to copy it because of its value to many of our readers:

The fearful mortality among children during the summer months is due, in my opinion, to the fact that the little ones are not placed in a position to gratify their natural desires, and mainly from the fact that they are deprived of the use of cold water. Children, during the extreme hot weather, perspire freely; this would be caused by the extreme heat; but they are often, against their will, kept sweltering in flannel garments, which increase their heat and perspiration, and they are consequently very thirsty. If the child cries for drink, the nipple of the nursing bottle is thrust into its mouth. The child is thirsty, not hungry; but not getting the water which it does want, it takes milk, of which its stomach is already full. The consequence is, the milk, not being digested, ferments; and vomiting, diarrhœa, cholera morbus and death result.

—Company B, returned from Camp Gallagher at about 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Their car arrived in Bellefonte attached to the construction train. Col. Hastings accompanied them. The boys looked well and say they enjoyed themselves. When the company arrived they marched up High street and returned to the Armory in perfect order.

—We regret to learn of the illness of Mayor John Powers' He is confined to his residence on Spring St. We hope soon to learn of his recovery.

A Cyclone in the East.

One of those fearful storms such as quite often visit the West, but are very rarely known in the East, swept down upon Philadelphia and Camden and the Delaware river, on Monday afternoon about 3 o'clock. The result of the storm was four persons killed, five missing and sixty seriously wounded.

In Philadelphia the shipping at the wharves and some of the buildings of the Pennsylvania Salt Company's plant suffered most, and two employes of the latter were hurt.

At the Dialogue's Delaware River Iron Works, in Camden, a great shed was blown down. At the American Dredging Company's works, at the foot of Spruce street, two men were killed. A great number of houses in Camden were destroyed, telegraph poles blown down and the telephone business interrupted. Several hairbreadth escapes are recounted.

Thousands of families have been rendered homeless. It is said that the great storm went bounding onward, sometimes touching the ground and again leaping over the roofs of the houses. Wherever it touched ruin and desolation were the result. Darkness prevailed and some people thought that the last day had come.

RIEL, the alleged mighty revolutionist of the British Northwest, has been tried and convicted. There is no doubt about the technical correctness of this conviction, but it is not always just right to stand by a technically correct conviction. Assurances were given at the end of his former rebellion that the wrongs he protested against then would be righted by giving the settlers titles to their lands, so that land sharks could not rob them. This was neglected through a long series of years; they were being robbed, and this last rebellion was the consequence. They will hang Riel for resisting the robbery, but can the government escape the Nemesis that must follow for its crime?

ALL the news from Spain indicate that the cholera is still spreading in that unhappy country, and increasing in virulence, and now, the report is added to it, that the disease has crossed the Pyranese and appeared in that part of France. It is said by good authorities in New York, however, that the danger of its appearance on this side, this year at least, is very slight.

—Mr. Bond Somerville has received the appointment of Volunteer Assistant in the State Geological Survey. This is a very valuable appointment and was doubtless earned by genuine merit. It is valuable because of the extensive experience gained by the person who fills it. His headquarters will be in Scranton, Pa.

—The committee having in charge the memorial exercises on Saturday request all business places to close between 2 and 6 p. m. We believe it would be appropriate for them to close the entire day, and some we understand will do so.

PARSON NEWMAN pronounced the Grant discourse on Tuesday. The real funeral oration will doubtless be delivered at the National Capital next Winter—and not by Newman.

IT seems to us that the Democratic postmasters are being appointed at a very rapid rate in Pennsylvania just now.

The Richest Doll on Earth.

A little girl now at Long Branch—the child of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Randell, of New York, who, with her parents and little brother, is in a cottage on Bath avenue—glories in the possession of probably the most magnificent doll ever made, whose self and trousseau were the wonder of all Paris and took a prize at an Industrial Exposition there. The little girl is named Virginia Campbell, for the late Mrs. Robert Campbell, of St. Louis, and the eldest son of that lady, knowing the affection both his parents had for the child's father and grandparents, brought her the handsomest present he could find in Europe. The doll is the size of a child 3 years old. The trousseau includes a sealskin sacque, lined with quilted satin, large enough for a child 3 years old, point-lace fans with pearl sticks, lace covered parasols with pearl and other fine handles, gloves, lace handkerchiefs and other laces, fine silk stockings, lingerie dresses, hats, wraps, satin slippers and every imaginable article a bride could have in her trousseau, and all large enough for a child of the age named, and even a wedding dress and fine lace veil. The smaller articles were all in sets, not only one or two of each, but the underwear, handkerchiefs, etc., etc. by dozens. It took a very large Saratoga trunk to hold the doll and her wardrobe.

The Boston base ball players do not suffer from the hot weather. All days are cold days for them.

This is the weather when a chunk of ice in the refrigerator is worth two on the sidewalk.

Marble Works.

S. A. STOVER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Marble and Granite **Monuments, Tombstones,** BURIAL VAULTS, Etc. Hundreds of Designs to select from.

Tubular Galvanized & Wrought Iron **FENCING** for Cemetery Lots. Agent for Enameled and Marbelized *SLATE MANTELS,* FINE GRATES, FURNITURE TOPS, Etc.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR THE YEAR 1885.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
16-28tf PRICES LOWER THAN IN LARGE CITIES.

Medical

Base Ball on Tuesday.

At Boston—Boston 4, Detroit 2.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 5, Athletic 1.

At Richmond—Virginia 8, Lancaster 6.

At New York—New York 7, Buffalo 1.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 5, Louisville 3.

At Washington—Newark 5, National 4.

At Providence—Providence 5, St. Louis 2.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 4, Pittsburg 1.

At Philadelphia—Chicago 13, Philadelphia 3.

At Norfolk—Norfolk 11, Trenton 11. Game called on account of darkness.

New Advertisements.

What it Does.

You are not old, yet your hair is getting gray. Your friends remark it, your wife regrets it. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop this waste, save your hair and restore the original gloss and color. Exceptionally clean, prevents dandruff, a perfect dressing. 17 31 4t

Established FAY'S 1866
MANILLA ROOFING
Resembles fine leather; for ROOFS, OUTSIDE WALLS, and INSIDE in place of Plaster. Very Strong and Durable. CARPETS and RUGS of same material. Catalogue with testimonials and samples FREE. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J. 17 31 4t

WANTED.—A reliable young or middle aged man, with a horse and buggy, to advertise and sell the Celebrated Gold Dust Horse and Cattle and Plymouth Rock Poultry Powders, in the counties of Centre and Clinton. A good chance and steady employment guaranteed to right one. Address at once with a stamp for particulars, J. W. B. SEDGWICK, Manager for C. C. Co., 2312, 7th Ave., Altoona, Pa. Sample of either powder sent to stock raisers on receipt of 2 stamps for postage. 17 31

SARAH LUCAS, by her next friend, C. P. Stonerod, vs. JAMES J. LUCAS. | In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No. 23, August term, 1885. Subpœna in divorce A. V. M.

The undersigned commissioner, appointed to take testimony in the above stated cause, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Hastings & Reeder, Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, the 18th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m. W. E. GRAY, 17 31 3t Commissioner.

Miscellaneous.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre and Huntingdon and the Hon. Chester Munson and the Hon. J. R. Smith, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 30th day of June, A. D. 1885, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of August, being the 24th day of Aug., 1885, and to continue one week, notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 24th day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1885, and in the one hundred and ninth year of the independence of the United States.

W. MILES WALKER, 17 30 tf Sheriff

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance to the last section of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following is proposed as an amendment of to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

AMENDMENT.

That section five of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows: "Whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitans it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of the said district may require. Counties containing a population less than is sufficient to constitute separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, or, if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts, as the General Assembly may provide. The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts; but the several associate judges in office when this constitution shall be adopted shall serve for their unexpired terms," be and the same is hereby amended, so as to read as follows: Whenever a county shall contain sixty thousand inhabitants it may constitute a separate judicial district, and may elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of said district may require. Counties not forming separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, as the General Assembly may provide. The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts and having more than one law judge; every other county shall elect two associate judges, who shall not be required to be learned in the law; but the several associate judges in office, when this amendment shall be adopted, shall serve for their unexpired term.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

17 30 3m W. S. STENGER, Secretary of the Commonwealth

Miscellaneous.

I. C. A.

In Come All

TO BUY THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Buggies, Carriages,

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS, *PHAETONS, HEAVY WAGONS,* SLEIGHS, &c.

Buy direct from the manufacturer and thus secure the advantage of first prices, and of getting a superior article

All Work Guaranteed to be Done in

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Repairing done on Short Notice and at Reasonable Rates.

L. A. POTTORF,

Successor to J. R. BARTRUFF,

Water St., Near Big Spring, Bellefonte, Pa.

17 10 1y

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

GROCER,

61 High Street,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.

16 13tf

CHRISTIE'S

School of Business,

Kreamer's Commercial Building,

CORNER MAIN AND MILL STREETS,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

This institution is devoted to the specialty of imparting business knowledge, and to qualifying the young and middle aged of both sexes by new and practical methods for the responsible duties of business life. Rates moderate. Advantages superior. For particulars address

S. N. CHRISTIE, 16-21f Principal.

C. O. D.

This is generally accepted to mean "Collect on Delivery," but in this instance it means

Call On Deschner

AT THE

Great Central Gun Works,

Water St., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

If you want to find a stock of

Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Nets and Sporting Articles Generally.

GUNS AND FIREARMS REPAIRED.

SHOOTING GALLERY OPEN DAY AND EVENING. 17 10 1y

Groceries and Provisions.

SECHLER & CO.

GROCERIES

66 and 68 High Street,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

FINE ALL-SUGAR SYRUPS at 40c and 50c. per gallon.
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, made by the old process, pure goods, 80c. per gallon.
A STRICTLY FINE MILD CHEESE at 12½c. per pound.
A GOOD SOUTH CAROLINA RICE at 5c, per pound.
NEW FRENCH PRUNES at 10c. per pound.
NEW TURKEY PRUNES at 8c per pound.
LEMONS, ORANGES, BANANAS, PINE APPLES, DATES, RAISINS, FIGS, all fine goods at lowest prices.
ALL THE LEADING BRANDS OF SOAP by the box and at retail.
CALIFORNIA CANNED FRUITS, 35c., three cans for $1.
TOMATO KETCHUP, quart bottles. 15c.
VANILLA BEANS at 5c., 10c., and 15c, a piece

ALL THE

Home Brands of Flour,

and a very fine Flour made at Toledo, O.

GROUND ALUM SALT, 200 lbs. bags, $1.
FINE SALT, 280 lbs. barrels, at $1.75.

We have just purchased a line of excellent

TEAS

IN

IMPERIAL, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER OOLONG, JAPAN AND MIXED.

They are equal to anything heretofore sold for $1. We are selling them at 80c. They are worth more than we get for them.

DANDY CIGARS!!

2 for 5c. Beats everything.

SECHLER & CO.

PROVISIONS,

66 and 68 High Street,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

FINE MILD SUGAR CURED HAMS, nicely trimmed and fine flavored, 14c. per lb.
BREAKFAST BACON, nice sweet goods, at 12½c. per lb.
BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON at 14c. per pound.
ROULETTE HAMS, sugar-cured, at 12½c.
SHOULDERS, sugar cured, at 10c per pound.
DRIED BEEF, sugar cured, at 18c. per pound.
ARMOUR & CO.'S and FAIRBANKS & CO.'S CORNED and ROAST BEEF, in 2-pound cans, 30c.
ARMOUR & CO.'S CHIPPED DRESSED BEEF in 1-pound cans, 25c.
FRESH COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON, 15c. and 20c. a can.
NEW MACKEREL—
12 lb. Kits, 75c., $1, $1 25, $1 50.
40 lb., quarter barrel, $1 75, $2 75, $3 75, $5 00
80 lb., half barrel, $3 50, $5 50, $7 25, $11 00.

Our mackerel this year are the most satisfactory goods we have ever sold. They are

ALL NEW, BRIGHT, FAT FISH.

BONELESS CODFISH, nice goods, at 8c. per pound.

SECHLER & CO.

FRESH MEATS,

66 and 68 High Street,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Schedule of prices made by us on Monday May 4, 1885.

BOILING MEATS.....8 and 10c.
RUMP ROASTS.....10 and 12½c.
CHUCK STEAKS & ROASTS.....12½c.
ROUND STEAKS.....15c.
STANDING RIB ROASTS.....15c.
LOIN STEAKS.....15c.

SUNDRIES!

CORN BROOMS,
WASH TUBS,
RUBBERS,
BRUSHES.

THE CURRY PAIL, 2 hoops, 20c., 3 hoops, 25c. The best pails now made.

Some Attractive Novelties in

GLASSWARE.

D. M. Ferry & Co.'s and Hiram Sibley & Co.'s New

SEEDS for 1885.

PICKELS

1 for 25c

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

What General Sherman Thinks.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The *Tribune* this morning publishes an interview with General Sherman, in which he says: "The parade will be the grandest military spectacle this city has ever seen. General Hancock is magnificently fitted to organize it, and he is hard at work. He will leave nothing undone. It was a good thing to place all these things in his hand." General Sherman gave this explanation of why he thought New York had been given preference over Washington as a place of burial:

"The Grant family will all continue to live in New York. The boys can't go to Washington to live. What is there to be found there for them? They don't expect, can't expect, to be congressmen or senators. They couldn't expect clerkships. What else is there at Washington? If General Grant's remains were buried there they would seldom or never see his grave. The mother will remain with the boys. She couldn't go to live in Washington alone." "'Buck' Grant is tied down on his farm in New Jersey, at Morristown; Jesse and Fred are to stay in New York. They want their father's tomb here. I think that it is the feeling of the family and that when the country comes to know of it, the selection will be honored as reasonable. It is certain that General Grant regarded Washington as no fit place for young men. He has often talked about it. My opinion is the same. Why, the army officers who have been stationed in Washington long have never amounted to anything. The men who have come up high have made their mark on the frontier among the Indians or on far-off stations. The Washington men become distinguished as staff officers only. McClellan is about the only exception, and his case is so slight an exception as to barely prove the rule, Taylor and Jackson, and those men, came to the top from Indian and border fighting."

A Thunder Storm.

MT. MCGREGOR, N. Y., July 30.—As nightfall came on a severe thunder storm, which passed over the mountain and during which Colonel Beck, of Battery B, and General R. H. Jackson, commandant at Fort Columbus, Governor's Island, were struck by lightning and rendered unconscious. They were removed to the hotel and at a late hour both were pronounced out of danger and recovering. The family at the Grant cottage were startled by the thunder and lightning but were in no wise injured. All the telegraph wires from the mountain to the outer world were burned off and correspondents were obliged to go to Saratoga by special train to file dispatches.

The lightning struck the roof of the Grant cottage and knocked several shingles off. The lightning also struck the Arkell cottage. Veteran Knapp, on duty in a room with the body of General Grant, felt the shock severely. A soldier of the Twelfth infantry also received the shock. It was learned late this evening that the lightning entered the Grant cottage through the roof and tore off the plastering. The electric light above the casket was put out.

The Pall-bearers Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The president having been requested by Mrs. Grant to name the pall-bearers for General Grant's funeral, has appointed the following: General William T. Sherman, United States army; Lieutenant General Philip H. Sheridan, United States army; Admiral David D. Porter, United States navy; Vice Admiral Stephen C. Rowan, United States navy; General Joseph E. Johnson, of Virginia; General Simon B. Buckner, of Kentucky; Hamilton Fish, of New York; George S. Boutwell, of Massachusetts; George W. Childs, of Pennsylvania; John A. Logan, of Illinois; George Jones, of New York; Oliver Hoyt, of New York.

Stole Fifteen Miles of Wire.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., July 30.—Three thieves drove in a wagon from West Conshohocken to Bala Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, seven and one half miles, a few days ago. They halted at each telegraph pole, mounted it, and took down two lines of heavy copper wire. When asked what they were doing they said they were company employees, and intend to put up a heavier wire. In this way they got away with fifteen miles of wire valued at $600, belonging to the Postal Telegraph company. The wires had not been in actual use for some time, and this fact was evidently known to the thieves. They were traced to Philadelphia and arrested. The property was found in several junk shops. The wire weighed 125 pounds to the mile.

Firing at Everybody He Saw.

NEW ORLEANS, July 28.—Last night Joseph Casey, Tony Seibert and Fred Wilson got into an argument on the street concerning horses. The discussion became warm and Casey struck Wilson who returned the blow. Outsiders interfered and Casey and Wilson shook hands. Casey suddenly drew a revolver and opened on the crowd. The first shot struck Wilson in the neck, another hit Mrs. Hounser in the side, and the third went through Tony Seibert's breast. Casey then reloaded his weapon and walked down the street, firing at everybody he saw. He was arrested. None of the wounds will prove fatal.

Through a Skylight.

PITTSBURGH, July 31.—The St. James hotel was the scene of another probably fatal accident, at 3 o'clock this morning, similar to the one that occurred there but a few weeks ago. James Jones, a young colored man who is employed at the hotel, had gone to his room in the third story. About the hour named, a terrific noise was heard that aroused the guests at the hotel. Upon investigation Jones was found mangled and bleeding at the foot of the stairs on the first floor near the main entrance. He had fallen from a hallway in the third floor, and desbending downwards, had been precipitated through a skylight on the second floor, down to the staircase landing on the first floor. He was picked up and carried into an adjoining room and a physician hastily summoned.

After the injured man's numerous wounds had been temporarily dressed, he was removed to the West Penn Hospital. The physician at the hospital ascertained that his scalp had been terribly lacerated, his skull fractured and his collar bone and one arm fractured. The physicians have but slight hopes of his recovery. Jones is said to belong in Altoona, Pa. How he came to fall is not known. A call was made at the St. James hotel, but the night clerk was out and the day clerk said he knew but little about the affair. Jones was conscious at the West Penn hospital this afternoon but could not himself tell just how he met with such a terrible fall.

A Democratic Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., July 29.—The democratic state convention assembled in Richmond theatre this morning. At noon Hon. John S. Barbour called the convention to order. In the course of his speech he alluded in complimentary terms to President Cleveland and his administration. Captain Robert H. Crockett was made temporary chairman. The committees were then appointed and a recess taken until 4 p. m.

When the democratic state convention re-assembled H. R. Rolland was chosen permanent chairman. A discussion ensued as to whether the convention should ballot for officers to be nominated by the convention before the committee on resolutions shall have reported. The convention formally decided to ballot and the following were placed in nomination for governor, General Fitzhugh Lee, Captain Philip W. McKinney, John E. Massey, Major Baker P. Lee. After the nominations were seconded a recess was taken until 9.30 p. m.

RICHMOND, Va., July 29.—Upon reassembling the roll-call was proceeded with amid considerable excitement, and resulted in General Lee having such a majority that his nomination was made unanimous. General Lee appeared and acknowledged the high honor in the most fitting language. After further speeches the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

Cremated in a Jail.

PORTLAND, Oregon, July 30.—The county jail at Baker City, Oregon, was burned on Wednesday morning, and five of the prisoners were cremated alive. A sixth was severely scorched. One of the prisoners complained of feeling sick, and the jailor stepped across the street to the drug store to get medicine. In a moment the alarm of fire was given. The building was of wood, and the fire spread very rapidly. The doors were broken open, but the flames and smoke drove the crowd of citizens repeatedly back. With great difficulty Fred Winkleman, a half-witted murderer of Allenv Riers, was dragged from his cell in an insensible condition and badly burned. The five other prisoners in the jail could not be reached, and were abandoned to their fate. The names of the victims are: Louis Miller, Geo. Plumb, Samuel Brown, Wm. Lamb and John Cooley, the confessed murderer of James Lavery. Every appearance indicates that the jail was set on fire by Winkleman, doubtless to make his escape during the excitement.

Severe Storm in Dubuque.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, July 29.—A tornado accompanied by heavy rain, visited this city last evening. Several buildings about the city in process of erection, were severely damaged. The top story of Albee's cold storage warehouse was blown down. Also a new brick store belonging to W. G. Watters. Trees were leveled in all parts of the city. Chimneys were blown from many buildings, awnings were torn to shreds and a large portion of the decorations in honor of General Grant's death were torn off. In the lumber yards flying timber was seen in every direction, and many piles of lumber belonging to the Standard Lumber Company and Knapp, Stout & Co., were leveled to the earth. The storm raged for twenty minutes.

A Scheme to Divide Dakota and Montana.

CHICAGO, July 29.—The *Times'* Fargo (Dak.) special says: "A party of influential capitalists will soon leave Montana for Washington to promote a scheme to divide Dakota on the Missouri river and Montana north to south at the east end of Boseman tunnel. This would make Dakota an agricultural state, and leave a cattleman's state west of it. The cattlemen want a state whose legislation will protect them. Dakota would by this division be about two hundred to four hundred miles, and the cattle state some four hundred miles square."

A Pittsburg Glass Factory Burned.

PITTSBURG, July 29.—The extensive flint-glass factory of Doyle & Co., on the South Side, was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. Macbeth, & Co.'s glass factory and several other buildings on the other side of the street were destroyed. During the progress on the fire numerous explosions of natural gas and chemicals took place, but no one was injured. The loss is $50,000.

Crushed in a Falling Building.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 29.—During a heavy rainstorm, about 2 o'clock this afternoon, a two-story rolling mill in course of erection in South Wilmington, for the Diamond State Iron Company, collapsed, killing two men and injuring nearly a dozen more. Half a dozen men were on the roof of the building and a crowd was inside, having gone there to seek protection from the storm. While the structure was tottering several persons managed to escape, but the majority were not so fortunate. The building, which was brick, had just been roofed in. It fell with a low rumbling noise, the walls falling out with the slow motion of a ship being launched.

In a few minutes many citizens appeared on the scene and set to work clearing away the debris. These dead and injured persons were taken from the ruins: George Elzy, carpenter, 30 years old dead; Wilbur Jones, draughtsman, 28 years old, dead; James Sinex, laborer, leg crushed; H. Ferris Giles, carpenter, right hip fractured and injured internally; William Goodwin, carpenter, leg broken; Alfred Downward, laborer, leg broken; Charles White, colored, laborer, wrist and ankle broken; George Wilbert, carpenter, leg crushed.

Several others were injured, but less seriously. Several workmen are still missing, and it is thought they are buried in the ruins. It is believed the walls were too weak, as they were only nine inches thick.

Disappeared with $7,000.

ADRIAN, Mich., July 29.—Frank Simmonds, a Boston wool buyer, who has operated here during the season for six years past, left July 9 for Detroit, taking with him $7,000 in drafts. He cashed a draft for $4,000 in Detroit that day and since that time nothing has been seen or heard of him. He expected to visit Eaton Rapids, Chicago and Milwaukee, but inquiries fail to yield any light as to his whereabouts. His brother and business partner have come here to look into the matter and are much mystified.

More Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The postmaster general to-day appointed the following named fourth-class postmasters in Pennsylvania: Walter MacFeat, at Spring City; W. L. Moody, at Rome; George J. F. Remm, at Chatham Run; F. A. Noel, at Bondeauville; H. H. Hoffecker, at Dalton; William S. Trace, at Clarke's Green; Horatio Simons, at Drinker; A. H. Snyder, at Weaversville; John Ford, at Schultzville; John E. Rosemere, at Gellete; Joseph Guthrie, at Summerville.

Big Fire in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 29.—A fire at 5 o'clock this afternoon, having its origin in Williams & Co.'s planing mill, burned that building, together with about 1,000,000 feet of lumber, also their warehouse and W. N. Wilkerson & Co.'s warehouse, two brick residences in Gayoso street, Cole & Co.'s warehouse on the corner of Gayoso and Hermando streets, and eight small dwellings occupied by negroes on the south side of Gayoso street.

A Desperate Lover.

ALBION, N. Y., July 28.—Cornelius Parsons, a farm hand, aged 30, with a divorced wife and two children, fell in love with pretty Miss Patterson, working on the same farm. Sunday evening she refused to marry him, and Monday morning when she repeated the refusal he tried to shoot her. She ran for a constable, and when he saw her coming back with the officer he put the revolver to his temple and fired, dying from the wound within an hour.

Reduction of Wages at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 29.—The employes of the Westinghouse air-brake company have been notified that their wages will be reduced on August 1. The reduction ranges from 5 per cent. in some cases to 33½ in others, the average cut being about 20 per cent. The firm claims that their action is due to hard times and a lack of orders. About five hundred men will be affected.

Killed by a Falling Board.

NORRISTOWN, July 28.—John Brownback, a carpenter, of this borough, died last night from the effects of a fracture of the skull received yesterday afternoon while at work. He was on the first floor when a heavy board, about twelve feet in length, fell from the third floor, striking him on the back of the head, knocking him senseless, in which condition he lay until he died.

Lightning on a Barbed-wire Fence.

MARION, N. C., July 28.—During a thunder storm here to-day lightning struck a barbed-wire fence, followed it a quarter of a mile and struck a barn, which it completely demolished. Three negroes, a man named Carter and his wife and child, who had taken shelter from the storm in the barn, were killed. Three horses and three cows were also killed.

No Increase in Emigrant Rates.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—An official of the Pennsylvania railroad company said to-day that there was no truth in the report that that company contemplated an advance in emigrant rates; that the company had not even discussed the question, and certainly will not do so until some agreement shall have been made by the trunk lines to maintain rates.

An After-Night Blaze.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—Fire this evening at the works of the Pennsylvania salt manufacturing company on the Delaware river, in the southern part of the city, destroyed five frame and two brick buildings used in the manufacture of alum, vitriol, and other acids. Loss, $400,000; insurance, $175,000.

Killed with a Base Ball Bat.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 28.—While James Withers, a white boy, was playing ball to-day with some comrades, a negro bully, named William Caldwell, came up and began to plague Withers. The boy told him to go away or he would have him arrested. This enraged the negro, who picked up a heavy ball club and saying, "We niggers have learned to stand our ground," he struck Withers a dozen heavy blows, inflicting wounds that will prove fatal. He then escaped.

The Funeral of Sir M. Montefiore.

RAMSGATE, July 31.—The remains of Sir Moses Montefiore were buried here this afternoon. Business was suspended and the shops were closed. The weather was cloudy, but the attendance was vast. The funeral rites were of an unostentatious character and then the coffin was placed beside that containing the dust of the philanthropist's wife.

Suspension of a Cotton Mill.

LANCASTER, July 29.—Notice was posted in No. 1 cotton mill this morning for a month's suspension of the mill from the end of this week owing to the dullness of trade, and also to permit of repairs. About 300 hands are thrown out of employment.

A Success.

One of the schools of journalism has become a great success. During a number of years many attempts to teach the art of journalism were made, but the results were so far from being satisfactory that with one exception they have all been failures. This one college, realizing the impracticability of the curriculum previously adopted, threw it aside, employed a man who had, during many years, been engaged in active newspaper work, and introduced a course of study, the achievements of which have proved that journalism can be taught in colleges. The following is a report of the exercises through which a graduating class was conducted:

"What is a law student?"

"A rising young lawyer."

"What is a medical student?"

"A promising young doctor."

"What is a young member of the legislature?"

"A silvery-tongued orator."

"If a man should marry an ugly woman, how would you write up the affair?"

"I should speak of the beautiful and accomplished bride."

"How would you speak of a loafer?"

"I should refer to him as our enterprising townsman."

"What is a drummer?"

"The handsome and popular So and So."

"In writing up the commencement exercises of the female college what would you say?"

"I would say that the beautiful young girls, soon to become ornaments of society, were charming in their feathery array."

"If a countryman were to bring you a lot of hard apples what would you say?"

"Our farmer friend, Colonel So and So, honored us with a call yesterday. Aside from giving us the pleasure of his own genial self, he laid upon our table a collection of the most choice apples we have ever seen. Come again, Colonel, when you have longer to stay."

"Correct. How would you speak of a little girl?"

"Would call her a fairy."

"What would you say of a little boy?"

"Would speak of his bright, intelligent face."

"What would you say of the man who keeps a few bolts of calico?"

"I would speak of him as one of the most successful merchants in the State."

Yes, this school of journalism is a success. It defines the true position of the local newspaper. It makes the business so clear that the student, though a fool, need not err therein. It attempts no revolution; makes no mistakes.—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

The Day After.

From the Graphic.

"Doctor," observed Jamie's mother to the physician late last evening, "do you think that you will get the swelling out of his hands?"

"Oh, yes!" replied the doctor hopefully. "That will subside in a week or so."

"Will he lose both of his legs?" asked the father.

"I guess not," answered the doctor. "He may be lame for a year or so, but I don't think there is any permanent injury. I don't see what ever possessed him to tie himself to a sky rocket?"

"I'm sure I don't know," replied Jamie's mother, sadly, "he never did such a thing before."

"Will he always be blind?" asked the father anxiously.

"I trust not. But it was very foolish in him to hold a firecracker in his teeth."

"Do you suppose, doctor," said his mother with tears in her eyes, "that his hair will ever grow out again?"

"In course of time, madam, but I should have thought he would have known better than light a pin wheel with a cigarette."

Just then the little sufferer awoke. "Where am I?" he called feebly.

"Here you are, my son," replied both parents together. "Don't be afraid; we are here with you."

"Say," continued the patient as a smile showed itself under the plasters. "Did you see her go off? Wasn't it just bully?"

When you see a counterfeit coin on the sidewalk, always pick it up. You are liable to arrest if you try to pass it.

Bad drainage causes much sickness, bad blood and improper action of the liver and kidneys is bad drainage to the human system, which Burdock Blood Bitters remedy.

Wherever Malaria Exists,

The bilious are its certain prey. In intermittent and remittent fever, dumb ague and ague cake, the liver is always seriously affected, and the blood contaminated with bile. One of the chief reasons why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is such a sure defence against chills and fever and every form of malarial disease, is, that it does away with liability to the disease, by reforming the irregularity of the biliary organs in advance of the arrival of the season when the disease is prevalent. There is no finer fortifying preparative for those about visiting or emigrating to a locality where the miasma-taint exists. There is no certain immunity from disease in an endemic or epidemic form, to be secured by the use of the average tonics and anti spasmodics. But where quinine fails the Bitters succeeds both in preventing and curing. Moreover, it removes every vestige of dyspepsia, and overcomes constipation, rheumatism, inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, and tranquillizes and strengthens the nervous system.

De Beriot was once asked by a pupil how long it required to learn the violin. "If the learner possesses brains, talent and patience, ten hours a day for ten years," was the reply. This seems rather paradoxical. How can a man with brains and talent waste his time playing the violin.

Europeans Use American Wine.

But few persons are aware of the great amount of foreign grapes raised in New Jersey. Alfred Speer is the largest wine grower of the foreign variety in the country and ships hundreds of cases to fill orders in Europe. His Port Grape Wine is unexcelled and considered by physicians and chemists as the best wine to be procured.—*N. Y. Herald.* For sale by druggists.

A college professor claims that a woman is not capable of persistent effort. She hain't, hey? Wonder if that professor ever watched her after she had made up her mind to find out who the neighbors are and where they came from.

Mr. Gough on Silk Hats.

"It would be no violation of the commandment," said John B. Gough, "if a man were to fall down and worship the silk hat, for it is not made in the likeness of anything in heaven, or on earth, or in the waters which are under the earth." Besides it heats the head and causes the hair to fall off. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop that and restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Not oily, not a dye, beneficial, deliciously perfumed. A perfect hair dressing. 50c. all druggists.

Sam Jones, the revivalist, raised $21,000 in Nashville, the other day, on a sermon sixteen minutes long. This encouraging little incident should teach clergymen to limit their sermons to sixteen minutes.

M. L. Blair, Alderman 5th Ward, Scranton, Pa., stated Nov. 9, '83: He had used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for sprains, burns, cuts, bruises and rheumatism. Cured every time.

It is asserted that in 50,000 years the axis of the earth will resume the perpendicular and perpetual Spring will reign. It will then make no difference to a chicken when it is born.

Liver, Kidney or Stomach Troubles.—Symptoms: Impure blood, costive bowels, irregular appetite, sour belching, pains in side, back and heart, yellow urine, burning when urinating, clay-colored stools, bad breath, no desire for work, chills, fevers, irritability, whitish tongue, dry cough, dizzy head, with dull pain in back part, loss of memory, foggy sight. For these troubles "SWAYNE'S PILLS" are a sure cure. Box, (30 pills), by mail, 25 cts., 5 for $1. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Consumption.—All Throat, Breast, and Lung Affections cured by the old-established "SWAYNE'S WILD-CHERRY." The first dose gives relief, and a cure speedily follows. 25 cts., or $1.00, at Druggists.

London Hair Restorer—Great English Toilet Article. Restores growth, color, gloss, and softness. Removes Dandruff. Aristocratic families of Great Britain endorse it. Elegant dressing. Fragrantly perfumed. The favorite of fashion. At Druggists for 3s 1½d, or 75 cts. in U. S. money.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 6, 1885.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M.	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 05
Flemington	4 48	4 09
Mill Hall	4 52	4 12
Beech Creek	5 01	4 28
Eagleville	5 04	4 33
Howard	5 13	4 45
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 53
Curtin	5 22	4 58
Milesburg	5 30	5 07
Bellefonte	5 40	5 20
Milesburg	5 50	5 35
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 38
Unionville	6 02	5 49
Julian	6 12	6 01
Martha	6 22	6 12
Port Matilda	6 29	6 21
Hannah	6 37	6 30
Fowler	6 39	6 33
Dix	6 42	6 39
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 49
Vail	6 53	6 46
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	7 04
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 50	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 32
Hannah	7 57	8 36
Port Matilda	8 05	8 43
Martha	8 13	8 51
Julian	8 23	8 59
Unionville	8 33	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 18
Milesburg	8 45	9 22
Bellefonte	8 55	9 32
Milesburg	9 08	9 47
Curtin	9 15	9 58
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 02
Howard	9 26	10 09
Eagleville	9 36	10 19
Beech Creek	9 40	10 24
Mill Hall	9 52	10 36
Flemington	9 55	10 40
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	10 45

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after April 6, 1885.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.05 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.20 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.40 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.51 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, April 6 1885.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler	1 15	5 50
Marengo	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road	1 35	6 10
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58

EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 25	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, April 6, 1885:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		3 30 a m
" " Williamsport		7 25 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 57 a m
" " Lock Haven		8 25 a m
" " Renovo		9 35 a m
" arr at Erie		6 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 25 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 35 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 55 p m
" " Renovo		5 05 p m
" " Kane		9 25 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 26 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" Harrisburg		3 57 p m
" Williamsport		7 20 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 10 p m
" " Renovo		9 15 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a		4 30 a m
" " " Harrisburg		7 40 a m
" " " W'm'sp't		10 40 a m
" " " Lock Haven		11 55 a m
" " arr. at Renovo		12 30 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven		7 00 a m
" " " Jer'y Sh're		7 20 a m
" " " W'msp't		8 10 a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g		11 30 a m
" " " Phila'phia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		5 45 a m
" " Renovo		9 50 a m
" " Lock Haven		10 55 a m
" " Williamsport		12 15 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		2 20 p m
" " Renovo		10 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		11 45 p m
" " Williamsport		1 00 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Philadelphia		8 25 a m
WM'PT ACN leaves Williamsport		3 40 p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g		10 25 p m
" " Philadelphia		4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Miscellaneous.

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

jan1 1y

PARKER'S TONIC.

It gives tone and power. For complaints of the Kidneys, Bowels, Stomach, Liver and Lungs, for all the subtle troubles of women and for those bodily disorders induced by anxiety, care and mental strain, its effects will surprise and charm you. It is not an essence of ginger. Delicious to the palate, an antidote to the liquor habit, and exceedingly helpful to the aged and feeble. 50c. and $1 sizes.

17 29 4t HISCOX & CO., New York.

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all 6m

ARTICLES PURCHASED AT SALE BY ME. Two sheats, one sewing machine, one cook stove, carpet, beds and bedding, chairs, dishes, and all the household goods belonging to James R. Wike.

17 29 3t* W M WIKE

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Ezra Way, late of Union township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons indebted to said decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against him to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

WM. F. WAY, Administrator,
Fleming, Pa.

S. D. RAY, Attorney.
17 27 6t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Spring Mills has a new brass band.

—Soda water venders are making millions.

—Peaches are offered for sale for a cent a piece.

—Thirty-one wagons at market Saturday morning.

—Friday night was deliciously cool and pleasant.

—The Reformed church at Aaronsburg is being frescoed.

—Bellefonte's beautiful spring has been cleaned. It seemed to need it

—John J. Frank, of Aaronsburg, died quite suddenly on Sunday, July 25th.

—The State Sunday-school Association will meet in Sunbury on the 20th of October.

—Mr. Simon Harper has put down a new flag-stone walk in front of his Centre Hall property.

—We believe that the Sunday-school at Boiling Springs enjoyed the pleasures of a picnic on Thursday.

—Some of the gentlemen residing on Linn street are talking about holding a lawn party to which only gentlemen will be invited.

—If some pretty girl worth a cool million calls for somebody on the telephone, just tell her, please, that we are here, and she can have us.

—The grand total of 525 bushels of wheat, of very fine quality, was harvested on the Wm. Humes' farm at Coleville. Mr. Rhoades is the farmer this season.

—In the provision market may be noted that potatoes have fallen in price from $1 to 75 cents per bushel, while lemons have increased from 30 to 40 cents per dozen.

—The railing between the depot platform and the mill race has been divested of its charms as a resting place for the lounger. In addition to a fresh coat of whitewash, it is surmounted by a prickly barbed wire.

—Street Commissioner Shaughensey and Sam Ryan were at work on Thursday trying to thaw out the water pipes connected with the temperance fountain, but the water froze again very rapidly and their efforts were in vain.

—Austin Curtin, Commander of the Department of Pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic, has issued a general order, announcing the death of General Grant and ordering that every post room be draped for thirty days.

—We regret to hear of an accident which occurred on Tuesday, July 28, to Mrs. Theo. Boak, of Snow Shoe. While at her household duties, she slipped and fell. It was feared that she had broken one or two ribs and injured herself internally, but we hope such is not the case.

—There are only about 25 excursion tickets to the G. A. R. encampment at Gettysburg for sale at this place and half of those are already taken. Therefore, if anyone wants to go on excursion rates they should apply at once to R. C. Irvin. The encampment begins on the 8th of August.

—One grain of wheat sowed by J. H. Frank, of near Millheim, five years ago, yielded 25 heads. All the grains were sowed and yielded two quarts and a pint. From this 1½ bushels were produced the third year. The fourth year 34 bushels and 1 peck were yielded and this year, the fifth, Mr. Frank harvested 362 bushels.

—Rev. Chas. T. Steck and family were busy last week tacking carpet, washing paints, and other domestic employments incident to beginning to keep house in a new place. This is not an agreeable occupation with the mercury among the nineties, but doubtless resulted in the production of two very practical sermons last Sunday.

—Mr. Joseph E. McCabe, captain of the Beaver county company, Tenth regiment, now camping with the Second Brigade, N. G., has been compelled to resign because of indignation at remarks made by him derogatory of General Grant. While we believe that soldiers have the right to entertain whatever opinion they choose of Gen. Grant or anyone else, it would have been more prudent and in better taste for the captain to keep quiet at this particular time.

—The Beech Creek railroad stockholders will get, according to General Magee, 70 per cent. in bonds, 46 per cent. in Beech Creek stock, and 40 per cent. Clearfield bituminous coal stock (already distributed), making $1,440 for those who ordinarily invested $1,000 in Beech Creek enterprise. The Pennsylvania railroad company is not to issue any bonds or stock to Mr. Vanderbilt, but will simply guarantee the payment of a certain sum a year, and will receive in turn the control of the South Pennsylvania and Beech Creek lines.

The Western Union's Plan to Erect a Monument to the Memory of General Grant.

Mr. Ed. Speer, the Western Union operator in Bellefonte, on Wednesday received a long letter of instructrons in regard to a plan which that Company has perfected to speedily secure a monument to the memory of Gen. U. S. Grant. After a few introductory words and a request to have the plan printed in the county paper, the letter says: "The Executive Committee of this company, at its meeting to-day, resolved to subscribe the sum of $5,000 to that object. It also resolved that the managers of the offices of the Company be instructed to receive subscriptions to the fund from the public. The managers of the different offices will be prepared to accept contributions and give informal receipts therefor, which receipts will be subsequently replaced by formal receipts from the Committee of the Grant Monument Association, which has been appointed by the Mayor of the City of New York. Each manager should provide himself with an ordinary pass book in which, under an appropriate heading, he shall request each subscriber to write his own name, his post office address and the amount of his subscription, and for each subscription the manager will give an informal receipt in the following form:

Received of ——, this —— day of ——, the sum of ——dollars, as a contribution to the Grant Monument Fund, which money is to be forwarded to the Association having charge of the fund, through the Treasurer of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

This receipt is to be replaced later by a formal receipt of the Grant Monument Association signed by ——, Manager Western Union Telegraph office at ——. Each manager shall then remit to the treasurer or to his superintendent, as the rule of his office may be, the amount subscribed up to the time of his next regular remittance, accompanied by a transcript of his pass book. The pass book should be forwarded to New York for audit when the subscription is finally closed.

W. B. GILL, Sup't.

The above means that if you want to have a part in erecting a monument to the memory of Grant, hand to Ed. Speer what you are able to give and he will see that it reaches the Monument Committee.

Death of George W. Armstrong.

On Thursday night at about 9 o'clock Mr. George W. Armstrong expired at his residence in the southwestern part of this borough. His disease was consumption, with which he had long been a sufferer.

Mr. Armstrong was a brave soldier of the late war and a member of Col. W. H. Blair's Company. During a recent political campaign he was leader of an organization known as the Hancock Legion. We believe he was a shoemaker by trade and worked several years for Jno. Powers.

A memorandum handed us this morning shows that he was born March 8, 1827, and as the date of his death was July 30, 1885, his age was 58 years, 4 months and 22 days. The funeral ceremony took place on Sunday afternoon at 4 oclock and he was buried with the honors of war, Gregg Post, of this place, attending his funeral in a body.

Since writing the above, we have learned that Mr. Armstrong was in the following battles of the war: Roanoke Island, Newbern, South Mill, South Mountain and Antietam. He was a member of Company G, 51st Reg't, P. V. He was wounded in the celebrated charge at Antietam bridge. All the pall-bearers at the funeral on Sunday were men who also belonged to the company of which he was a member.

Gettysburg.

The Grand Army Posts for the department of Pennsylvania will hold their summer encampment on Cemetery Hill, Gettysburg, from August 8th to 14th. Headquarters will be established Friday, August 7th, and all Posts are desired to send a detail in advance to report at headquarters a full list of their members who will attend, thereby aiding to make proper arrangements. Each Post or delegation should bring Post flag or guidons to mark their location in camp, and each person should provide himself with soap, towels, blankets and other articles for personal comfort. Reduced rates of transportation have been secured and is much to be desired that as many as possible shall gather on the historic field at this encampment. Several regiments will hold reunions here during the encampment, among them being the Forty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, which will meet on the 11th of August, full particulars of which will be furnished by H. H. Benner, of Bellefonte. Every Post should send notice to headquarters of the probable number of delegates it will send.

—Plenty of gypsies at Milesburg.

Aaron Goldsmith's Italian Hound.

A week ago or longer our friend, Mr. Aaron Goldsmith, received word from Houtzdale that admirers in that place would, in a few days, ship to him, per express, a very handsome hound. Mr. G. was extremely well pleased, as he is partial to fine specimens of the canine breed and was proud to know that he would be the possessor of the finest dog in Bellefonte. Pleasant prospects of future hunts and long walks with his sagacious dog as a companion filled his mind; an elegant gold diamond-studded collar should encircle the animal's neck and a dog kennel fit for the best in the land should be his habitation.

Imagine, then, Aaron's ecstacy when the box arrived at the store Thursday evening. True, his friends were so thoughtless as to send it without prepaying express, but what was this slight outlay when compared with the possession of such a valuable quadruped? The animal in the box barked a sort of doleful, give-me-some-more-meat bark, and Aaron full of sympathy, told the clerks to take the top off the box quickly as the delicate and high-bred animal was probably suffering with the heat. The box was opened and a dog jumped forth. All who saw him fell back aghast. Instead of a beautiful and graceful greyhound there was a mongrel cur of no identified species. His tail was dilapidated, his left ear half chewed off. One eye had disappeared and a decided limp affected the animal's gait. Truly, the most abject specimen of Houtzdale's canines had been imprisoned and sent to him. Aaron seized a huge fan and murmured in agonized accents: "I'm sold; Keiser, don't you want to buy a dog?" Accompanying the gift was a letter dating the pedigree of the purp back to 1840, and mentioning many of his advantageous qualities—that he can eat bones as well as meat, having always been more accustomed to the former, etc. Aaron was not only sold, but he is also willing to sell the dog if he can get a cent for him; otherwise, he'll tie him loose somewhere.

The Boys at Camp Gallagher.

All the letters received from Camp Gallagher are of a pleasant character and show that the boys are enjoying themselves. We clip the following from a letter dated the 30th of July:

Captain Amos Mullen is the most soldierly looking officer in the line of the Fifth. He looks as spirited as a war horse, and, with Quartermaster Rohrer and Major Stattler, forms a set of three men who, for good shape and soldierly bearing, cannot be duplicated in the camp. Captain Mullen's company, B, of Bellefonte, is a dangerous rival for the honors now born by Company D. Lieutenants J. D. Geissinger and W. F. Reber are no small factors in making Company B one of the rival companies for first regimental honors. A very important factor in making the Fifth regiment the honor regiment of the brigade is the Quartermaster's department. Quartermaster Rohrer, his Sergeant, J. E. Thompson, and the Commissary Sergeant, Samuel Rhule, rarely get the worst of it from the Brigade Commissary, Major Curtin.

—The *pests* of Summer are with us in large numbers. There are the flies during the daytime, which enter the house, notwithstanding all effort to prevent them. They are most troublesome at the table, and although some of them are drowned in the cream pitcher or gravy boat, their funerals are attended by many relatives and as long as warm weather lasts they remain with us. The candle moth and other flying bugs and insects are attracted by the light at night and as they bob into the face of the person who may be writing or reading they interfere considerably with the mental effort. But, then, their days on earth are brief, and knowing that cold weather will give them a chill from which they will not recover, we'll try to endure their presence for a while.

—The Pittsburg *Times* says of the Fifth regiment when in camp by the banks of Lake Conneaut: The long contest between the Fourteenth, of Pittsburg, the Eighth, of Dauphin, Cumberland and other counties, and the Fifth, of the middle counties, seems to have been settled Tuesday by the adjutant general's clerk reporting that the Fifth regiment leads the state in percentage of attendance, which has more than anything else to do with establishing the rank the regiments shall hold.

—J. J. Pie, Esq., of Newark, Del., but who is doing business in Clearfield county at present, favored us with his presence on Tuesday. Mr. Pie is always a welcome visitor at the *Democrat* office.—*Democrat.*

It was unnecessary for you to tell us that, Georgie, for we always knew that you had a good mouth for *pie.*

—How soon will some capitalist immortalize himself by building small tenant houses?

Citizen's Meeting—On the Grant Memorial Services.

The meeting Friday evening was called to order by Chief Burgess Powers, who said: Gentlemen. I have requested that a meeting be called that we may take some action in regard to appropriate ceremonies attending the funeral of General Ulysses S. Grant, on Saturday, August 8. As there are many here who are more familiar with meetings of this nature than I am, I trust they will lend their council and aid that we may be able to make the services worthy of the distinguished dead.

Mr. J. L. Spangler then moved that Mayor Powers be chairman and Jno. I. Rankin Sec. of this meeting. Mr. Jno. G. Love moved that a committee of five be appointed at this meeting to have in charge and make all preliminary arrangements for the proper observance and ceremonies to be had in Bellefonte on Saturday, Aug. 8, on the occasion of the burial services of General U. S. Grant, lately dec'd. On motion of Mr. E. C. Humes, the following gentlemen were named as the committee: J. G. Love, chairman, J. L. Spangler, Dr. Geo. F. Harris, W. R. Teller and S. Stewart Lyon. On motion of ex-Gov. Curtin, the associated press was notified of the action taken at this meeting. J. G. Love, chairman, called a meeting of his committee for Aug. 1, at 9 o'clock a. m. Meeting adjourned

Lawn Party.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings and sister, Miss Bella K. Rankin, entertained quite a large number of their lady friends on the handsome lawn surrounding Mr. Hastings' residence on Linn street, Thursday night. At about half-past six the guests grouped themselves at one side of the lawn, near a table tastefully arranged and beautifully decorated with choice flowers. Refreshments were then served, which were choice and in abundance, and were partaken of by all with a relish. It was an animating scene and the busy hum of voices with little bursts of rippling laughter testified to the company's enjoyment. To use the gentlemen's term, we would say that it was the largest *hen* party we ever saw. But as some of the young ladies prefer to be called *ducks*, why not call it a duck party? A little later, as the guests strolled about the lawn, or formed in groups in their variously colored evening costumes, the scene was a very pretty one. We know of no way of entertaining guests so delightfully as in this manner, and all departed testifying to their entire enjoyment of one of the most social evenings ever spent.

—On Wednesday evening, July 29, at a certain church prayer-meeting in Bellefonte, it was proposed to hold an additional prayer-meeting, for men only, on every Friday evening. This is a good plan. But we also understand that the complaint was there made that there is no prayer meeting held in Bellefonte exclusively for men. Can it be possible that the worthy gentlemen who thus complained are unaware of the fact that during the past well-nigh fifteen years the Y. M. C. A. has held a prayer meeting regularly every Friday evening; that a general invitation has been extended to all men to attend it? If a men's prayer-meeting is all these gentlemen want they have had it for fifteen years and have neglected to attend it. From 7:30 to 8 o'clock in Y. M. C. A. hall.

—While writing about gardens, it would certainly be an unpardonable omission not to notice that to which Mrs. Isaac Mitchell devotes part of her time and which is worked by Charles Green. It is one of the finest if not *the* finest in Bellefonte. Mrs. Mitchell's family are now getting the benefit of it by having their table laden with fresh Lima beans, delicious corn and tomatoes, some of which weigh a pound each. A good garden is a household treasure and we congratulate Mrs. Mitchell on the the grand success she has made of it

—Calvin Stover, a son of George W. Stover, of Penn township, is visiting his former home in this county. He has been away nine years during which he has traveled over a large part of the world and had many thrilling experiences. Part of that time was spent in "traveling the wild seas over." It is said that he has visited almost every important place on both the east and west coasts of South America.

—Both of Mr. Augustus Hoover's new houses on Curtin street are rented, and both of them by young men who are now unmarried, but expect soon to marry and begin housekeeping. Editor Geo. Bible contemplates occupying his house about September 1. The Professor will probably occupy his about the same time.

—There was a picnic party of young folks in Armor's grove on Wednesday of last week.

Hotel Arrivals.

The prominent hotel arrivals Saturday were:

Bush House—Misses Maggie and Grace Moore, of Lemont; O. E. Buck and S. Q. Mingle, Williamsport; W. L. Hicks, Tyrone; W. J. Pile, Thos. Foster, John T. Bell, Philadelphia; Ed. Murphy, Cole's circus; J. C. Johns, Bloomsburg; W. B. Scott, Harrisburg; W. G. Butts, William Thompson, Jr., and John I. Thompson, Jr., Lemont; J. S. Ewing and D. G. Stewart, Snow Shoe; L. H. Pugh, Pittsburg; Thomas B. Lewis, Wheeling, W. Va.; Jas. J. Donnelly, Atlanta, Ga.

Brockerhoff House—S. W. Vannote, A. T. Roterheim and C. C. Old, Philadelphia; Henry Goodman, Jr., and H. E. Crum, Rochester, N. Y.; H. H. Brinkerhoof, C. S. Joslyn, D. W. Bernard, Emil Loeb and J. H. Sternberg, New York City; A. J. Griest, Unionville; Fred Kurtz, Centre Hall; R. W. Goesser, New York; S. B. Frank, Pittsburg; W. F. Webster, Rochester, N. Y.

Garman House—Harry Gates, Julian; J. D. Bauer, Jersey Shore; R. H. Bathurst, Lock Haven; Alf. Lucas and two children, Snow Shoe; Ed. Lewis, Snow Shoe; A. M. Kettner, Lock Haven; J. M. Kephart, Unionville; G. M. Marks, Hannah Furnace.

Cummings House—Andrew Immil, Aaronsburg; George Kline, Julian; Samuel Beckdel, Howard; John Dawson, York, Pa.; Frank Z. Wallace, Milesburg; W. S. Bright, Millheim; H. C. Shirk, Potters Mills; J. S. Fisher, Rebersburg; Carl Geib, Jacob Metzler, Peter Metzler, Jacob Fave and Jacob Ossesorg, of Wilkesbarre.

—Senator Peale, of Lock Haven, is reported as saying in regard to the transfer of the Beech Creek road to the Pennsylvania that if such a transfer has really taken place nothing can be done. "If it is not yet settled, as we believe to be the case, perhaps it never will be, at least under the proposed conditions. Business in that section of the country has been greatly stimulated by the competition afforded by our road, and, notwithstanding the general depression in business during the past year, Clearfield county industries have improved right along. Freight rates are from twenty to fifty per cent less than they were a year ago owing to the Beech Creek competition."

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., July 27:

James M. Blair, J. W. Blair, James Brown, Miss Lizzie Dorman, Geo. H. Hazel, H. B. Hicks, S. H. A. Hayes, Geo. S. Henigh, John Kellar, Levy Brothers, Mrs. Lanning, John W. Miller, F. M. Miller, Mary Nearhood, Clement Sayer, Mrs. Kate Smith, Mrs. J. Smith, Carrie Vance, Eugene Ward, Mrs. Mary J. Wagner, Miss Lizzie B. Walters, Ephlias Wian, Isaac Yarnell.

Persons asking for letters named in the above list will please say they are advertised.

—A party of visitors to the famous Penn cave, on Wednesday, July 29, had a peculiarly pleasant experience. They were Mr. and Mrs. Clem Dale, Miss Butler, of Philadelphia, and Al Dale, Esq. The Seltzer band happened to be in the cave at the same time, and just as the party of four had gained a place where the echoes were especially distinct the band played a lovely air. The effect was magical Instead of the music of one band it seemed that each echo was vying with every other in the wierd sweetness of its sound.

—The Beaver Band connected with the Presbyterian church will give a musical entertainment in the chapel on Tuesday evening, August 11. The object of this entertainment is to raise money to help the Band in prosecuting the good work of educating a missionary, and it commends itself to the favor of all. Besides, the entertainment, which is gotten up entirely by the Band, will be well worth the price of admission.

—Thirty-two persons were present at the family reunion at the home of Jacob Arney, Esq., Centre Hall, Wednesday, July 29. While all were congregated on the lawn J. A. Finkbinder, a photographic artist of this place, took several views of them which he will soon have ready for use. Chief among the exercises of the day was the dinner, which was bountiful and excellent.

—Three young ladies who were in a carriage in front of a Bellefonte store Friday were almost run away with. The gallant young gentlemen who sat in front of the store were too seriously affected with *ennui* to move to the rescue. Fortunately, the ladies mananaged the fractious steed.

—The Spring Mills excursion passed this place about 7:30 Wednesday eve. Everybody reports a grand time.

Brevities.

—The German Band discoursed sweet music Saturday evening.

—A needed railroad official, a car inspector, has been stationed here, in the person of Mr. H. Sutton, of Tyrone.

—Feodora Aubreu, a Spanish gymnast with O'Brien's circus, fell from a trapeze bar at New Castle, on Wednesday, July 29, injuring his spine. He is in a critical condition.

—There, we almost forgot to mention that little baby daughter that arrived a few days ago—Wednesday evening, we believe—at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gephart.

—Those who were at the home of Mrs. J. A. Beaver Friday night had the pleasure of witnessing the unfolding of three beautiful and fragrant blossoms of a night blooming cereus plant. It was much enjoyed.

—The first shipment over the new Lemont railroad which came all the way from Rising Spring (Spring Mills) was consigned to Mr. E. C. Humes, President of the First National Bank. It consisted of plow shares. Mr. Humes being extensively engaged in agriculture.

—Rev. J. A. Woodcock, chaplain of Gregg Post, G. A. R., officiated at the funeral of the late Geo. W. Armstrong on Sunday afternoon. Thirty-eight members of the post were present and also several members of the company and regiment of which deceased was a member, including W. H. Blair, the colonel.

—The new company of the National Guard, at Curwensville, although but two or three weeks old, was complimented while at Camp Gallagher, and General Guthrie is said to have remarked to Col. Hastings: "There is no use going any further, Col. Hastings, you've the finest regiment in the State. No other man can take a regiment out of eight counties and in tw odays make it as nearly perfect as you can."

—Friday at 4:15 p. m., by actual count, there were not less than 38 head of cattle on Linn street between the Reformed church and Col. Hastings' residence—all in good, lively condition. So reports a reliable arithmetician—a resident of that part of the town. The Bellefonte barnyard is fast becoming the most celebrated in the country. Old fogy Potter county and many other similar territories do not grant such liberties to the bovine part of the community.

—A board of viewers has been appointed to inquire into the propriety of dividing Ferguson township by a line beginning at the Huntingdon county line near the farm of John Shadman and extending in a northwestern direction to the line of Half Moon township. The board of viewers consists of Jas. D. Gordon, John Hoffer and J. H. Mitchell. They will meet on Monday, August 10, at 1 o'clock p. m., near the farm of Mr. Shadman for the purpose of performing the duties of their appointment.

Miscellaneous.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The moon changed Monday night into its last quarter.

—The receipts from the market during the past two weeks aggregated $10.25.

—The recent festival of the Reserve Corps, M. E. Sunday-school class was a success.

—The Prohibition State Convention will meet in Harrisburg on Tuesday, August 25.

—About the shortest thing in Bellefonte at the present time is the hair on Will Speer's head.

—One hundred and eighty-five loads of stone have been put on High street in front of the Bush House.

—Council on Monday night granted to the Logan hose company an order for their $100 annual appropriation.

—The steam pump at the water works was in operation 387 hours during July, averaging about 12½ hours per day.

—Private Will Pearlstein says that he has enjoyed camp immensely, and would like this military life to last all summer.

—Two young ladies walked a long distance to see the gypsies on Sunday, but when they got there the gypsies had disappeared.

—Mr. James McCafferty, of Bradford, son of our prominent townsman, Charles McCafferty, Esq., is visiting in town.

—Average daily attendance at Y. M. C. A, reading room last week was 35; average attendance of young men at meetings in July, 16.

—There was a serious fire in the mountains near Unionville on Saturday and Sunday, but Monday's grand old rain has extinguished it.

—The two Misses Haley and Miss Conover, agreeable young ladies from Philadelphia, are guests of their friend, Mrs. Harry Schroyer.

—Dr. Dobbins is now fully installed in the post office in this place and seems to be quite at home there. He began his regular duties on the 1st inst.

—The storm of Monday seems to have been quite general throughout all parts of this State and also in other States, reaching as far west as Chicago.

—The game of base ball in New York on Saturday between the New York and Chicago league nines, resulted in score of 7 to 6 in favor of New York.

—The young men who neglected to aid the ladies whose horse attempted to run away on Friday, say that the ladies were unnecessarily frightened, and jumped from carriage when there was no reason for doing so.

—A very beautiful night-blooming cereus developed a handsome flower at Mr. F. P. Green's residence on Saturday evening. It was witnessed by about fifty people. The plant is the property of Miss Ann Harris.

—The town is ahead just 30 hours in the electric light business, the moon enabling the authorities to save 21 hours in June and 9 hours in July. Now the lights can be burned until morning on circus night without extra expense.

—Those high winds which always seem to follow the rains of this summer, although perhaps beneficial agencies in purifying the air, are not welcomed by all people, especially those who love nature most in her quieter moods.

—Mr. and Mrs. Teats have a splendid garden on a very small plot of ground. The stalks of corn are strong and tall, one of them measuring 11 feet and 6 inches in height before Monday's rain, which makes it good for 12 feet soon.

—Rev. Mr. Hummel, pastor of the United Brethren church, will go to Conference in about two weeks when he expects to be assigned to another charge. He is a very laborious, industrious minister, having served seven or eight appointments acceptably since coming to this place.

—Lots of agents are now in the field selling some books on Grant. Persons purchasing any such books had better look well to what they are buying as there are several different kinds out. The one written by the General himself is entitled "The Memoirs of General Grant." Any other books that are offered for sale were not written by him, but by others. Therefore anyone wanting that of his own authorship must purchase the one entitled "The Memoirs of Gen. Grant.

For the REPUBLICAN.

In Memoriam.

From the writer of this, through the lives of three persons whose partnership in suffering, so to speak, has recently been dissolved by death, runs a thread of service which binds their memories together in his mind, in a bond of sympathy now intensified by their almost simultaneous deaths.

The pastoral relation passes into the personal when the vows and promises and hopes of religion bring together the Christian minister and those to whom he ministers before the family altar to consult about the inner life and aspirations seldom told to others. To recall the particulars or the results of those consultations would be to venture upon delicate and forbidden ground. And, therefore, what has been said above is only an excuse for paying a tribute that is due, not an introduction to the sacred privacy of souls that have passed to their eternal reward.

GEORGE NATT HALE

was known to the writer as a man of warm feelings, and possessed of the strength and weaknesses of such natures. Entering with zest into the pleasures of early life, he afterwards became enlightened as to his weaknesses and took a view of religion which led him to modify his manner of enjoying life without becoming gloomy or pharisaic, and taught him not to trust to his own feelings, but to the PROMISES of God; believing that whether his feelings deceived him or not, God's promises cannot fail. He was philanthropic; but his philanthrophy was not of that egotistical kind which ignores or openly sets at defiance the spiritual pastors to whom the church bids her members submit themselves. On the contrary, the parish clergyman ever found this serious, active, liberal, cheerful layman his right hand man. He never allowed his warm feelings to degenerate into fanaticism; nor in his desire to build up the Gospel among men would he pull down the scaffolding of authorized worship and sacraments, or cashier the ordained workmen of Christ, without whom, his practical knowledge of affairs told him, no permanent good effect could be wrought. Every social circle he entered was made brighter by his presence. Every church service he joined in was made more hearty by the sound of his voice. Every Sunday school he labored in was blessed through his efforts. The poor and the sick found comfort in his friendly attentions. And the legal profession was honored by his talent and his integrity, while the heroism he displayed in his long struggle with disease added luster to a life devoid of all selfishness, devoted to high aims, and, humanly speaking, all too short.

Who will take his place in the hearts of those amongst whom he lived and by whom he was so much loved?

The other two of whom we would write must be named together, because they "were lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their death they were not divided":

MRS. T. R. REYNOLDS
and WILLIAM F. REYNOLDS, JR.

Whoever has read that strong and very striking picture of maternal love and filial devotion drawn by Gen. Lew Wallace in his tribute to the Christian religion in a book entitled "Ben Hur, or A Tale of the Christ,' can easily apply that picture to these two persons. If any mother's love for her child was strong, it might almost be said that Mrs. Reynolds' love for her son was stronger. And the power of her love was not only increased by her pity for him in his years of suffering, but it was further intensified by the influence of the church which held such a place in her affections that everything which appealed to the tenderness of her nature must find an entrance to her heart as if through the doors of the church. It is well known to her friends that the welfare of her church and of her children were the chief subjects of her thoughts and the pleasantest topics of her conversations. That no sacrifice was too great to be made in their interest; and that she experienced no greater depths of sorrow or depression than when either of these suffered harm. Her fondness for both must reign, "Without a rival and without an end," in the memory of those she has left to mourn her loss. It may be said to have formed an idiosyncrasy of mind which attracted other and compelled their admiration. To say that her family will miss her but coldly expresses their loss.

And her vacant place in St. John's church will be a constant reminder of an example in faithful attendance upon its services and its sacraments in sunshine or rain worthy of imitation. But no friend or member of her family will more sincerely lament her than the writer of this to whom she was such a friend and gave so much comforting encouragement in the work of the church.

The son's affection and solicitude for his mother were a faithful and a noble reciprocation which lives and expires unfed by hope. To have known that he died before herself would have been the fulfilment of the mother's expressed wish, because she felt that his state of health must always require her motherly care. But to pass into Paradise without knowing it, and to find him there watching for her with glistening eyes, and with arms outstretched to receive her into a state which knows no solicitude or sickness, no sorrow or death,—this were better and more blessed. J. H.

Religious Services on Sunday.

There was a dearth of religious services in Bellefonte, on Sunday. A few Sabbath bells rung out to call people to religious worship, but they were very few and feeble indeed. Those religious services that were held were not as well attended as they should have been.

At the morning service in the Lutheran church the auditorium was comfortably full. The choir rendered pleasing music. Rev. Chas. T. Steck took for his text Matthew 26th chapter, part of the 24th verse—"If any man will come after Me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and follow Me." The sermon was an admirable one. Whatever is worth obtaining costs us some effort and sacrifice. We must deny ourselves the evil pleasures of the world, engrossment in business to the detriment of our spiritual interests. He believes that anything which detracts from our growth in grace and piety should be removed. Some pilgrims, laying aside their staff, refuse to march onward, and seem to think this world good enough heaven for them. Because a man does not contract to follow Christ does not relieve him of the responsibility to do so. He who starts out to fulfill this responsibility, though he makes a blundering attempt, is the truest man. The evening sermon was based on Hebrews 12:1 and 2: "Wherefore, seeing we also are cumpassed about with so great a cloud of witnesses, let us lay aside every weight, and the sin which doth so easily beset us, and let us run with patience the race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus, the author and finisher of our faith; who for the joy that was set before him, endured the cross, despising the shame, and is set down at the right hand of the throne of God." It was one of the most eloquent sermons he has delivered.

In the Reformed church Rev. DeLong officiated both morning and evening. In the morning he based his discourse on the petition, "Give us this day our daily bread." He said it was an acknowledgement of dependence on God; the petition was for all; it was only for to-day, and it asked for all things that are necessary. The evening service was in memory of General Ulysses S. Grant. The music was appropriate to the occasion. Rev. DeLong took for his text David's lament for Abner—"Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel?"—II. Samuel 3:38. The speaker alluded to the death of Grant and spoke of him as the greatest general of our country and perhaps of the world. He defended war if waged for a good cause and thus justified the holding of a religious service on Sunday in a Christain church to the memory of a man whose military qualities were transcendent. He did not enter upon a review of Grant's life or military career, but spoke of his excellent qualities—his persistence, doing with his might what his hand found to do; his desire for peace as soon as war was unnecessary. He deplored the fact that Grant, like many other eminent men, although believers in Christianity, waited until a large part of their useful life was spent before connecting themselves with the church. In this he was not a model. The sermon was listened to by a large audience.

In the Y. M. C. A. hall at 4 o'clock there was a good audience. Rev. Chas. T. Steck conducted the service. The topic was "Works and Faith" and numerous Scripture passages relating to this subject were read and an excellent exposition given by the leader of the relation of these to our Christian life.

Rev. M. K. Foster preached in the Methodist church Sunday morning from John 18:36—"My kingdom is not of this world. If my kingdom were of this world, then would my servants fight, that I should not be delivered to the Jews: but now is my kingdom not far hence." In the evening the reverend gentlemen discoursed from Luke 10:20—"Notwithstanding in this rejoice not that the spirits are subject to you; but rather rejoice, because your names are written in heaven."

Resolutions on the Death of Gen. Grant.

At the last regular meeting of Gregg Post, No. 95, Dep't of Pa., Aug. 1, the following preamble and resolutions were, with the unanimous consent of the members present, ordered to be placed upon the record of the Post and published in the county papers:

WHEREAS, General Ulysses S. Grant, in obedience to the Divine will, has yielded to Death's final summons; therefore

Resolved, That Gregg Post, No. 95 of the G. A. R., Bellefonte, Pa., recognizes in his death the Nation's loss of its greatest military chieftain, statesman and civilian, whose military prowess, skill and valor, stimulated by unselfish patriotism and a single purpose, enabled him to rise with unexampled rapidity to the pre eminent position of general of the vast Union armies, which he led to successful victories, crushing out the most gigantic rebellion known to the world's history, and thereby saved the Union, preserved it in its integrity and secured the greatness and liberty of our country.

As a statesman his achievements were of no less renown than those of war. As Chief Magistrate of the Nation he guided the ship of state through its most troublous times, with singular wisdom and steady hand, working out a speedy solution and settlement of the difficult and complex question of reconstruction, rights of citizenship arising out of the war, and sought the speedy establishment of harmonious relations between the North and the South.

As a civilian he was pure, simple and upright, and his life and character afford an example worthy the emulation of all.

That in his death the Grand Army of the Republic has lost its most eminent and honored member.

That we hereby extend our sincerest sympathy and condolence to his family in their great bereavement.

That in honor of his memory the Post room be properly draped and the usual badge of mourning be worn by the members for thirty days.

That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the bereaved family of the deceased, and also be given to the press for publication.

JAMES H. RANKIN,
Adjutant.

Phonegraphs.

We might tele-phony story about a young chap in town who went to the trouble of calling up by telephone a lady just next door, but who did not know that a third party had the benefit of both sides of the conversation.

We have heard of a young man who talked through the phone to a young lady at a large exchange, until he became dead in love with her. He courted, proposed and was accepted, but when he went en to claim his bride the cruel girl went back on him, for among the many girls in the Exchange he was unable to tell which from 'tother, and as she gave no sign he was compelled to return home with a crushed and bleeding heart.

The line from here to Spring Mills has been completed, and was connected with the Exchange on Saturday.

It is said there are more marriages of telephone girls than those engaged in any other business, hence the great number of applicants for the position.

We consider the telephone one of the most useful inventions, and we heard of a new use to which it was put a day or two ago. A lady informed us that she baked a cake by telephone That is, being engaged in other duties down town, she gave such minute instructions to one uninitiated in the art of baking that as a result a delicious cake greeted her eye upon entering her abode at tea time.

Death of Mrs. Wm. O. Stewart.

The many friends in all parts of this and Clinton counties, of the lady mentioned above, will be pained to learn of her death which occurred on Saturday evening, July 25. She was the daughter of James and Emily Holmes, who live near State College. About ten months ago she was married to Professor Wm. O. Stewart, of Howard. Her maiden name was Olive R. Holmes, and by that name her friends will remember her best. She was thought to have excellent physical health, but several months ago a scrofulous swelling appeared in her neck. Next it affected her eyes, and finally attacked the lungs, changing into consumption and causing her death. When she became quite ill she was taken to the home of her parents where her death occurred. She was only 19 years and 10 months old. Her parents and husband have our sympathy. Her mother's name was McKibben, the daughter of Joseph McKibben, of Clearfield county, where there are numerous relatives and friends.

The funeral occurred on Tuesday, July 28, Rev. Dr. R. Hamill, of Lemont, officiating. The interment was in Slab Cabin graveyard.

Personal Pencilings.

Miss Bessie Meek is visiting at Ardmore, Pa.

Rev. Wm. Laurie is recreating at Cape May.

Mr. Luther Roberts, of Orange, N. J., is in town.

Major Reynolds has returned home from Bedford.

Miss Mary Devling is visiting friends in Lock Haven.

Mrs. J. H. Sands returned from Williamsport on Thursday evening.

Mr W. H. Poffenberger is the new passenger conductor on the Lemont R. R.

Mr. Parks, of Eastern Illinois, is visiting his brother-in-law, Rev. Chas. T. Steck.

Mr. Lee Woodcock, of Altoona, spent Sunday with his brother in this place.

Mr. James Milliken was a passenger on the 10:50 a. m. train to Lemont Thursday.

Dr. E. S. Dorworth has been ill for several days with some affection of the heart.

Miss Johnston, of Harrisburg, is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. T. Shugert, in this place.

Mr. Hill, a handsome young gentleman from Philadelphia, was in Bellefonte last week.

The Misses Grace and Maggie Moore, of State College, were in Bellefonte on Friday.

Major Wm. F. Reynolds is quaffing mineral water and eating mutton at Bedford Springs.

Miss Swartzell, of Milroy, who has been a guest of Mrs. Aikens, departed for her home a few days ago.

Mr. A. C. Moyer, of Sandy Ridge, spent a short time with Bellefonte acquaintances on Wednesday.

Mrs. James McCarty, who recently went to Cincinnati, Ohio, has returned to Bellefonte for a few days.

Miss Nellie Potter, of Menasha, Wisconsin, is a guest at the home of Mr. George Potter on Linn street.

Mrs. Harry Brew and two children came from Tyrone Wednesday evening and visited relatives here.

Mr. O. M. Myers, son of our former townsman, J. Hiram Myers, is visiting in Bellefonte, the guest of George and Harry Bush.

Judge Larimer, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, after a visit of several weeks in Bellefonte, departed on Wednesday for New York City.

Miss Minnie Brew, daughter of S. A. Brew, returned home Wednesday afternoon after an extended visit with friends at a distance.

Miss Clara Barrett, one of the lady school teachers in Houtzdale, was visiting in Bellefonte Friday at the residence of Dr. Miles Kirk.

Mr. W. K. VanGilder, after a two-weeks' visit at Mountain Lake Park, Garrett county, Md., returned to Bellefonte Thursday evening.

Miss Jennie Hammond, daughter of Mr. David Hammond, a prominent citizen of Lebanon, Pa., is a guest at the residence of Judge Furst.

Miss Wollerton, of West Chester, and her sister, Mrs. Bengaman, of Altoona, are guests of the Misses Benner and Miss Morris on High street.

Mrs. J. W. Rhone departed Thursday afternoon to join her husband at Cresson. Together they will make an extended trip through the West.

Mr. R. A. Bumiller, the affable and prosperous proprietor of the Millheim *Journal*, spent a few hours with his friends in Bellefonte on Thursday.

Rev. W. Scott Wilson is considered the greatest poet in Altoona. Keep on, Scott; and your fame will soon become National. After that it wont be very difficult to make Tennyson surrender the palm.

Miss Myers and Miss Mingle, of Centre Hall, and Miss Smith, of Williamsport, spent last Friday at the home of Mr. Rhinesmith, of Boiling Springs, having arrived over the new railroad from Centre Hall.

Miss Grace Hayes, of Freeport, Ill., after spending several weeks at the residence of Dr. T. R. Hayes on Allegheny street, departed Friday morning over the new railroad to Lewisburg. She is a charming young lady and her departure is a subject of regret.

Our very good friend, Dr. J. W. Rhone, was on Wednesday elected president of the State Dental Society which is in session at Cresson. The genial Doctor is one of Bellefonte's most deserving and highly honored citizens and we very heartily congratulate him.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Maier, of Conestoga, N. Y., are visiting in Bellefonte at the residence of Harry Cox. Mr. Maier was formerly an employe of the Bellefonte Glass Works. He looks well, but says he feels the oppressive heat, as at Conestoga cool temperature and frequent showers have prevailed this Summer.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Clif. Thomas, of Brooklyn, is visiting in Bellefonte.

Miss Dinges, of Philipsburg, is the guest of Miss Annie Swartz.

Miss Brown, of Erie, is a guest at the residence of L. L. Brown on High street.

Rev. William Laurie is expected home this week from his summer vacation.

Misses Sully and Carrie Bayard went west as far as Canton, Ohio, Monday morning.

Miss Sue Jack, an attractive young lady from Boalsburg, was in Bellefonte on Wednesday.

Chas. Pierce was so unfortunate as to fall from his bicycle Friday evening, injuring himself slightly.

Harry Jenkins, who has been visiting in Williamsport for several weeks, returned home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Ed. Chambers returned on Saturday evening from Kennett Square, where she has been visiting.

Ex-Judge John Orvis and family returned on Tuesday from an extended fishing excursion in Clearfield county.

Miss Emma Saltsman arrived on Monday evening from Lock Haven and is visiting at Col. D. H. Hastings' residence.

Miss Annie Mensch, of Sunbury, is a very agreeable young lady visiting at the residence of Abram Stine, at Pleasant Gap.

Miss Mary Orbison is a bright and attractive young lady visiting at the home of Gen. J. A. Beaver. She is from Philadelphia.

Mrs. Hall, of Danville, is a guest at the home of Dr. Rhone, keeping Miss Ella company during the absence of Dr. and Mrs. Rhone.

Mr. John C. Kaup, one of Altoona's representative citizens, pleased his Bellefonte friends with his presence among them Monday.

Misses Mary and Minnie O'Leary and their cousin, Mrs. Allen, departed on Tuesday for York, Pa., where they hereafter expect to reside.

Mr. Will H. Peck, a representative of W. W. Cole's collossal shows, visited Bellefonte Monday and spent a few minutes very agreeably looking after the interests of the circus which was here yesterday.

Miss N. J. Davis, preceptress of Birmingham Seminary, was in Bellefonte Monday in company with Mrs. Jno I. Thompson, of Lemont. While here she visited many of the former and present students of that institution.

Mrs. Sourbeck, of Pittsburg, is visiting in town at the home of her son, Mr. John Sourbeck on Bishop street. Mrs. Sourbeck is well known and much esteemed by many people in Bellefonte, who will be glad to learn of her presence here.

Grant Memorial Services to be held in Court House, Saturday, August 8th, 1885.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

The meeting in the Court House to be called to order at half-past 3 o'clock p. m. and organized by calling Hon. A. G. Curtin to the chair.

Address by Hon. A. G. Curtin.
Music—Anthem, by choir.
Prayer—By Rev. J. F. DeLong.
Music—Hymn, by choir.
Address—By Gen. James A. Beaver.
Address—By Hon. A. O. Furst.
Music—Hymn.
Address—Hon. C. T. Alexander.
Address—Col. D. H. Hastings.
Music—Hymn.
Address—Hon. Adam Hoy.
Address—Rev. P. McArdle.
Music—Hymn.
Address—Hon. James Milliken.
"Praise God from whom all blessings flow."
Benediction—By Rev. M. K. Foster.

The committee request that all places of business be closed from 2 o'clock till 6 o'clock p. m. of said day, and that all the church bells and Court House bell be tolled from 3 o'clock p. m. until half-past 3 o'clock p. m. of said day.

—The young gentlemen who gave such an enjoyable hop at the roller rink on Tuesday evening made a great success of it and merit much credit. About one hundred persons were there, including a large number of the young ladies who are visiting in this place. The Zion band discoursed its sweetest music. With skating, dancing, partaking of refreshments furnished by Cedar, &c., the hours passed very enjoyably and the time for wending their way homeward came all too soon.

—We didn't hear any petitions for rain in the churches on Sunday, but it arrived, all the same, and came down in copious showers on Monday

DIED.

WISE.—On Monday, July 26, at Woodward, Miss Minnie Wise, aged 22 years and 10 months.